

NICHIA CORPORATION

SPECIFICATIONS FOR RED LED

PART NO. NESR146AT

- Pb-free Reflow Soldering Application
- Built-in ESD Protection Device
- RoHS Compliant
- IATF 16949 Compliant

SPECIFICATIONS

(1) Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item	Symbol	Absolute Maximum Rating	Unit
Forward Current	I_F	30	mA
Pulse Forward Current	I_{FP}	100	mA
Allowable Reverse Current	I_R	85	mA
Power Dissipation	P_D	105	mW
Operating Temperature	T_{opr}	-40~110	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-40~110	°C
Junction Temperature	T_J	125	°C

* Absolute Maximum Ratings at $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

* I_{FP} conditions with pulse width $\leq 10\text{ms}$ and duty cycle $\leq 10\%$.

(2) Initial Electrical/Optical Characteristics

Item		Symbol	Condition	Typ	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage		V_F	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	3.2	-	V
Or5z (Dominant Wavelength: 597~603nm)	Luminous Intensity	I_v	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	800	-	mcd
	Chromaticity Coordinate (Dominant Wavelength: 600nm)	x	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.616	-	-
		y	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.372	-	-
Or6z (Dominant Wavelength: 600~606nm)	Luminous Intensity	I_v	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	580	-	mcd
	Chromaticity Coordinate (Dominant Wavelength: 603nm)	x	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.628	-	-
		y	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.359	-	-
Or7z (Dominant Wavelength: 603~609nm)	Luminous Intensity	I_v	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	480	-	mcd
	Chromaticity Coordinate (Dominant Wavelength: 606nm)	x	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.640	-	-
		y	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.348	-	-
R13z (Dominant Wavelength: 611~618nm)	Luminous Intensity	I_v	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	270	-	mcd
	Chromaticity Coordinate (Dominant Wavelength: 615nm)	x	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.677	-	-
		y	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.320	-	-
R14z (Dominant Wavelength: 616~623nm)	Luminous Intensity	I_v	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	200	-	mcd
	Chromaticity Coordinate (Dominant Wavelength: 620nm)	x	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.688	-	-
		y	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.309	-	-
R15z (Dominant Wavelength: 626~633nm)	Luminous Intensity	I_v	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	120	-	mcd
	Chromaticity Coordinate (Dominant Wavelength: 630nm)	x	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.704	-	-
		y	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.292	-	-
R16z (Dominant Wavelength: 630~637nm)	Luminous Intensity	I_v	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	90	-	mcd
	Chromaticity Coordinate (Dominant Wavelength: 633nm)	x	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.708	-	-
		y	$I_F=20\text{mA}$	0.289	-	-
Thermal Resistance		$R_{\theta JS_real}$	-	-	152	°C/W
		$R_{\theta JS_el}$	-	-	134	

* Characteristics at $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$.

* Luminous Intensity value as per CIE 127:2007 standard.

* Chromaticity Coordinates as per CIE 1931 Chromaticity Chart.

* Dominant Wavelength is for reference purpose.

* Thermal resistance values ($R_{\theta JS_real}$) determined by considering the energy conversion efficiency ($\eta_e=12\%$). Refer to JESD51.

RANKS

Item	Rank	Min	Max	Unit
Forward Voltage	-	2.8	3.5	V
Luminous Intensity	Cd860	860	1000	mcd
	Cd720	720	860	
	Cd600	600	720	
	Cd500	500	600	
	Cd430	430	500	
	Cd360	360	430	
	Cd300	300	360	
	Cd250	250	300	
	Cd210	210	250	
	Cd180	180	210	
	Cd150	150	180	
	Cd125	125	150	
	Cd105	105	125	
	Cd90	90	105	
Cd75	75	90		
Cd63	63	75		

Color Ranks

Rank Or5z (Dominant Wavelength: 597~603nm)				
x	0.6183	0.5930	0.6130	0.6402
y	0.3580	0.3831	0.3865	0.3594

Rank Or6z (Dominant Wavelength: 600~606nm)				
x	0.6294	0.6065	0.6271	0.6520
y	0.3469	0.3697	0.3725	0.3477

Rank Or7z (Dominant Wavelength: 603~609nm)				
x	0.6392	0.6183	0.6402	0.6625
y	0.3372	0.3580	0.3594	0.3372

Rank R13z (Dominant Wavelength: 611~618nm)				
x	0.6692	0.6518	0.6690	0.6873
y	0.3139	0.3312	0.3310	0.3126

Rank R14z (Dominant Wavelength: 616~623nm)				
x	0.6787	0.6649	0.6825	0.6972
y	0.3044	0.3182	0.3174	0.3027

Rank R15z (Dominant Wavelength: 626~633nm)				
x	0.6926	0.6836	0.7022	0.7117
y	0.2906	0.2996	0.2977	0.2883

Rank R16z (Dominant Wavelength: 630~637nm)				
x	0.6968	0.6891	0.7080	0.7162
y	0.2863	0.2940	0.2920	0.2838

* Ranking at $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

* Forward Voltage Tolerance: $\pm 0.05\text{V}$

* Luminous Intensity Tolerance: $\pm 5\%$

* Chromaticity Coordinate Tolerance: ± 0.003

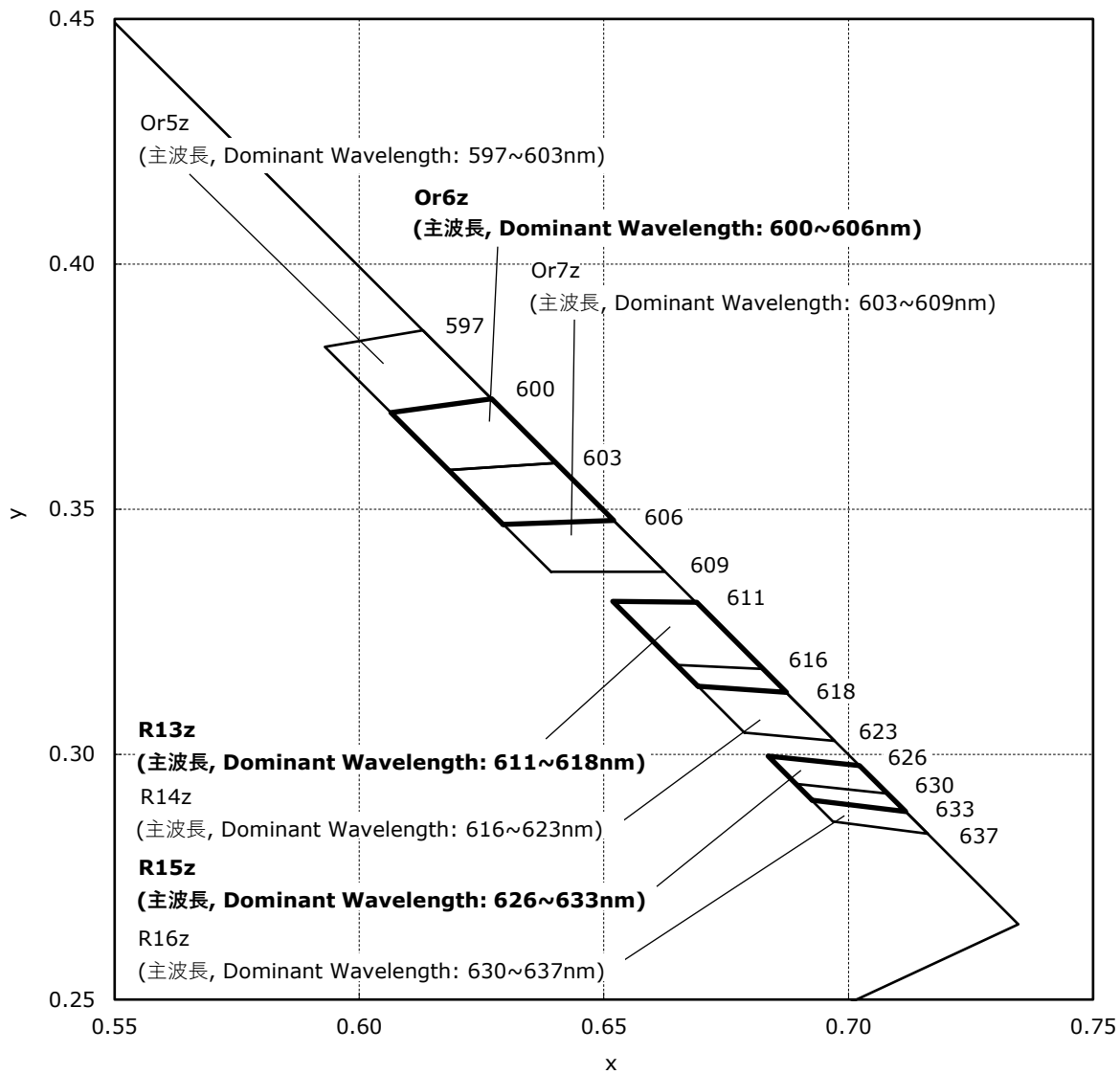
* Dominant Wavelength is for reference purpose.

* LEDs from the above ranks will be shipped. The rank combination ratio per shipment will be decided by Nichia.

Luminous Intensity Ranks by Color Rank

Ranking by Color Coordinates	Ranking by Luminous Intensity	Cd63	Cd75, Cd90, Cd105	Cd125, Cd150	Cd180, Cd210	Cd250, Cd300	Cd360	Cd430, Cd500	Cd600	Cd720, Cd860
Or5z(Dominant Wavelength: 597~603nm)										
Or6z(Dominant Wavelength: 600~606nm)										
Or7z(Dominant Wavelength: 603~609nm)										
R13z(Dominant Wavelength: 611~618nm)										
R14z(Dominant Wavelength: 616~623nm)										
R15z(Dominant Wavelength: 626~633nm)										
R16z(Dominant Wavelength: 630~637nm)										

CHROMATICITY DIAGRAM



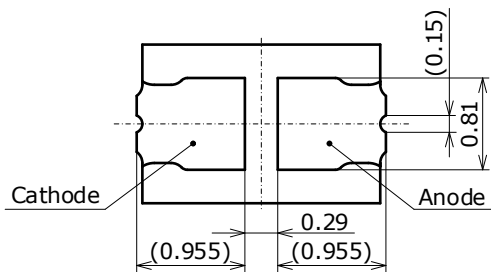
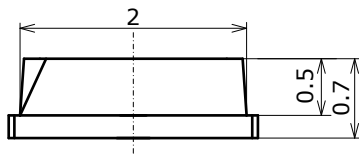
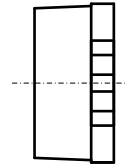
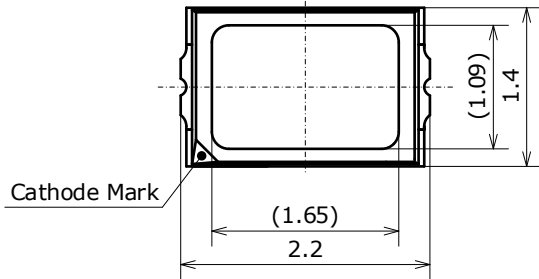
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

* 本製品はRoHS指令に適合しております。
This product complies with RoHS Directive.

NxSR146A
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-11645B

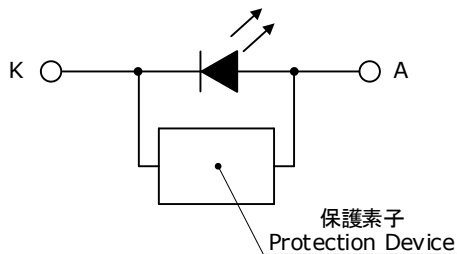
* 括弧で囲まれた寸法は参考値です。
The dimension(s) in parentheses are for reference purposes.

(単位 Unit: mm, 公差 Tolerance: ±0.1)



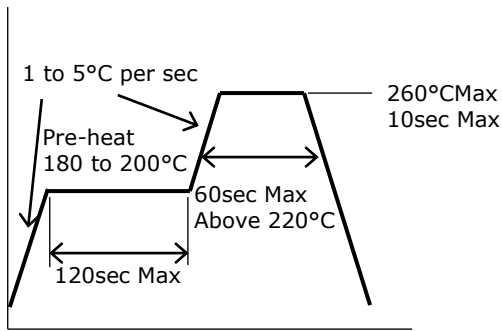
項目 Item	内容 Description
パッケージ材質 Package Materials	耐熱性ポリマー Heat-Resistant Polymer
封止樹脂材質 Encapsulating Resin Materials	シリコン樹脂(蛍光体入り) Silicone Resin(with phosphor)
電極材質 Electrodes Materials	銅合金+金メッキ Au-plated Copper Alloy
質量 Weight	0.0052g(TYP)

* バリは寸法に含まないものとします。
Dimensions do not include mold flash or metal burr.



SOLDERING

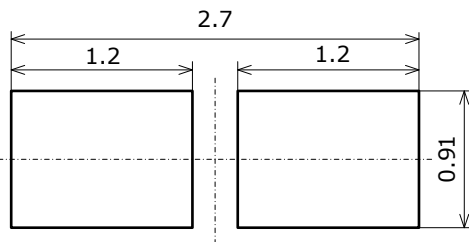
• Recommended Reflow Soldering Condition(Lead-free Solder)



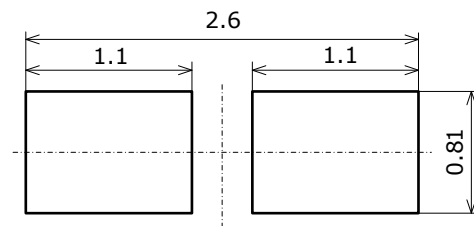
• Recommended Hand Soldering Condition

Temperature	350°C Max
Soldering Time	3sec Max

• Recommended Soldering Pad Pattern



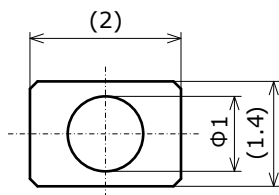
• Recommended Metal Solder Stencil Aperture



(単位 Unit: mm)

- * This LED is designed to be reflow soldered to a PCB. If dip soldered, Nichia will not guarantee its reliability.
- * Reflow soldering must not be performed more than twice. Hand soldering must not be performed more than once.
- * When cooling the LEDs from the peak temperature a gradual cooling slope is recommended; do not cool the LEDs rapidly.
- * During reflow soldering, the heat and atmosphere in the reflow oven may cause the optical characteristics to degrade. In particular, reflow soldering performed with an air atmosphere may have a greater negative effect on the optical characteristics than if a nitrogen atmosphere is used; Nichia recommends using a nitrogen reflow atmosphere.
- * This LED uses a silicone resin for the encapsulating resin; the silicone resin is soft. If pressure is applied to the silicone resin, it may cause the resin to be damaged, chipped, delaminated and/or deformed. If the resin is damaged, chipped, delaminated and/or deformed, it may cause the wire to break causing a catastrophic failure (i.e. the LED not to illuminate) and/or reliability issues (e.g. the LED to corrode and/or to become dimmer, the color/directivity to change, etc.).

Using a nozzle designed for the LEDs is recommended. (See Figure below)



(単位 Unit: mm)

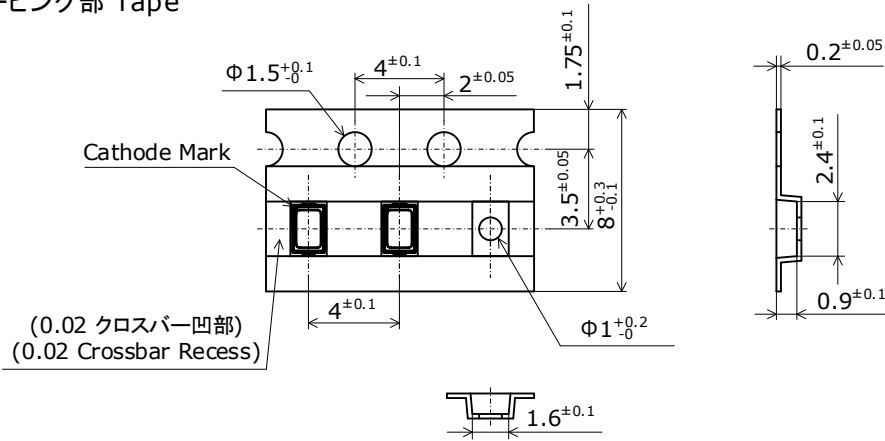
Ensure that there are no issues with the mounting conditions (e.g. mounting pressure, vacuuming pressure, etc.) prior to use.

- * Once the LEDs have been soldered to a PCB, it should not be repaired/reworked. If it must be done, using a double-head soldering iron is strongly recommended. Ensure that sufficient verification is performed prior to use to ensure that the repair/rework has not caused the LED characteristics to deteriorate.
- * When soldering, do not apply stress to the LED while the LED is hot.
- * When using an automatic pick-and-place machine, choose an appropriate nozzle for this LED. Using a pick-and-place nozzle with a smaller diameter than the size of the LED's emitting surface will cause damage to the emitting surface causing a catastrophic failure (i.e. the LED not to illuminate).
- * The soldering pad pattern above is a general recommendation for LEDs to be mounted without issues; if a high degree of precision is required for the chosen application (i.e. high-density mounting), ensure that the soldering pad pattern is optimized.
- * Consider factors such as the reflow soldering temperature, hand soldering temperature, etc. when choosing the solder.
- * When flux is used, it should be a halogen free flux. Ensure that the manufacturing process is not designed in a manner where the flux will come in contact with the LEDs.
- * Ensure that there are no issues with the type and amount of solder that is being used.

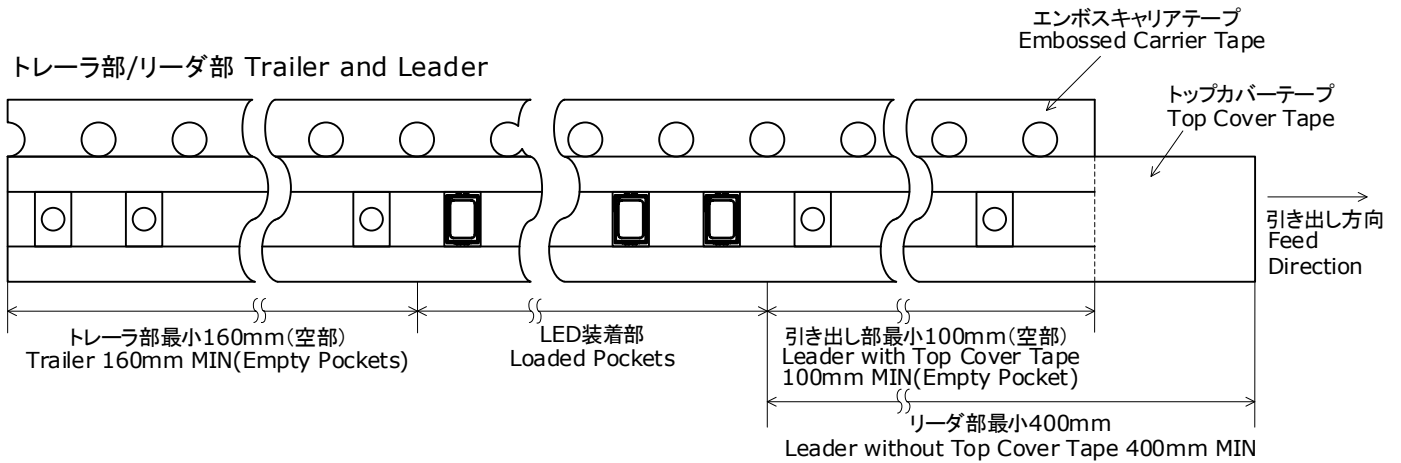
TAPE AND REEL DIMENSIONS

テーピング部 Tape

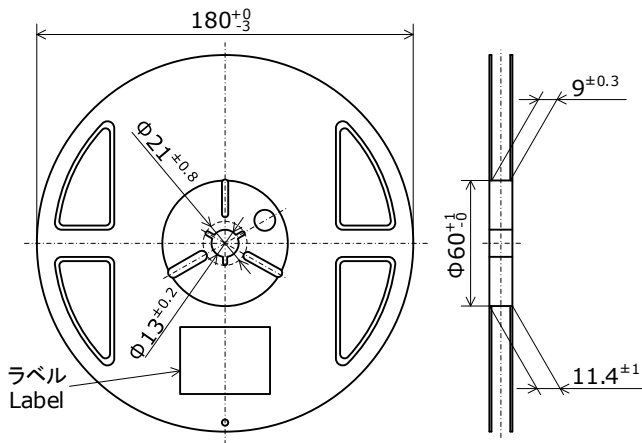
Nxxx146x
 管理番号 No. STS-DA7-8943A
 (単位 Unit: mm)



トレーラ部/リーダ部 Trailer and Leader



リール部 Reel

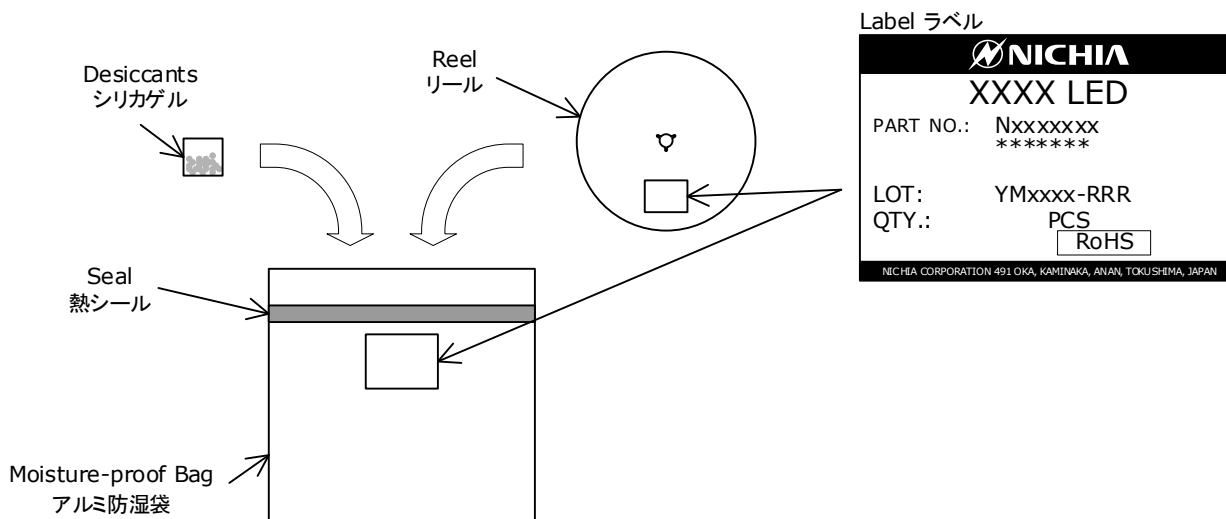


- * 数量は1リールにつき 4500個入りです。
 Reel Size: 4500pcs
- * 実装作業の中断などでエンボスキャリアテープをリールに巻き取る場合、エンボスキャリアテープを強く(10N以上)締めないで下さい。
 LEDがカバーテープに貼り付く可能性があります。
 When the tape is rewound due to work interruptions, no more than 10N should be applied to the embossed carrier tape.
 The LEDs may stick to the top cover tape.
- * JIS C 0806電子部品テーピングに準拠しています。
 The tape packing method complies with JIS C 0806
 (Packaging of Electronic Components on Continuous Tapes).

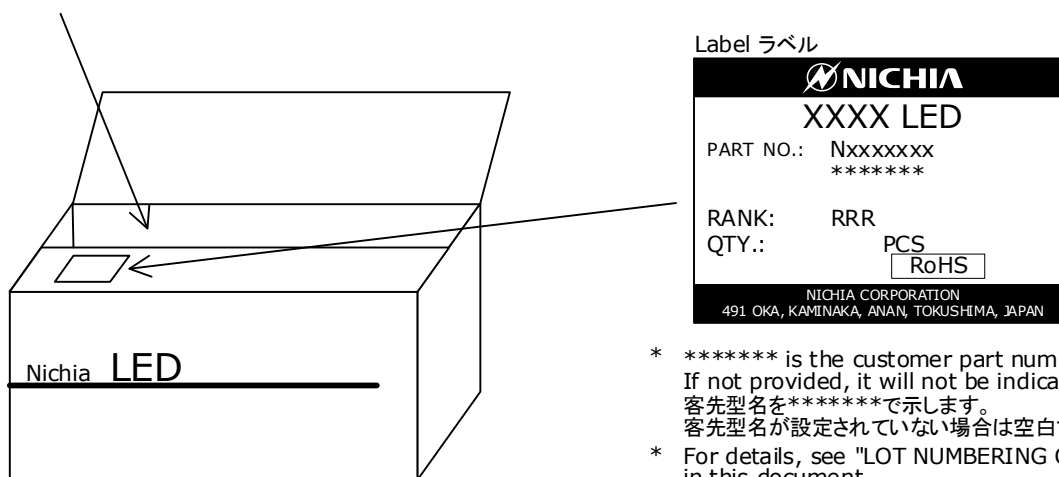
PACKAGING - TAPE & REEL

Reels are shipped with desiccants in heat-sealed moisture-proof bags.
シリカゲルとともにリールをアルミ防湿袋に入れ、熱シールにより封をします。

Part No. Nxxxxxxx
No. STS-DA7-0006F



Moisture-proof bags are packed in cardboard boxes with corrugated partitions.
アルミ防湿袋を並べて入れ、ダンボールで仕切ります。



- * ***** is the customer part number. If not provided, it will not be indicated on the label. 客先型名を*****で示します。客先型名が設定されていない場合は空白です。
- * For details, see "LOT NUMBERING CODE" in this document. ロット表記方法についてはロット番号の項を参照して下さい。
- * The label does not have the RANK field for un-ranked products. ランク分けがない場合はランク表記はありません。

- * Products shipped on tape and reel are packed in a moisture-proof bag. They are shipped in cardboard boxes to protect them from external forces during transportation. 本製品はテーピングしたのち、輸送の衝撃から保護するためダンボールで梱包します。
- * Do not drop or expose the box to external forces as it may damage the products. 取り扱いに際して、落下させたり、強い衝撃を与えたりしますと、製品を損傷させる原因になりますので注意して下さい。
- * Do not expose to water. The box is not water-resistant. ダンボールには防水加工がされておりませんので、梱包箱が水に濡れないよう注意して下さい。
- * Using the original package material or equivalent in transit is recommended. 輸送、運搬に際して弊社よりの梱包状態あるいは同等の梱包を行って下さい。

LOT NUMBERING CODE

Lot Number is presented by using the following alphanumeric code.

YMxxxx - RRR

Y - Year

Year	Y
2021	L
2022	M
2023	N
2024	O
2025	P
2026	Q

M - Month

Month	M	Month	M
1	1	7	7
2	2	8	8
3	3	9	9
4	4	10	A
5	5	11	B
6	6	12	C

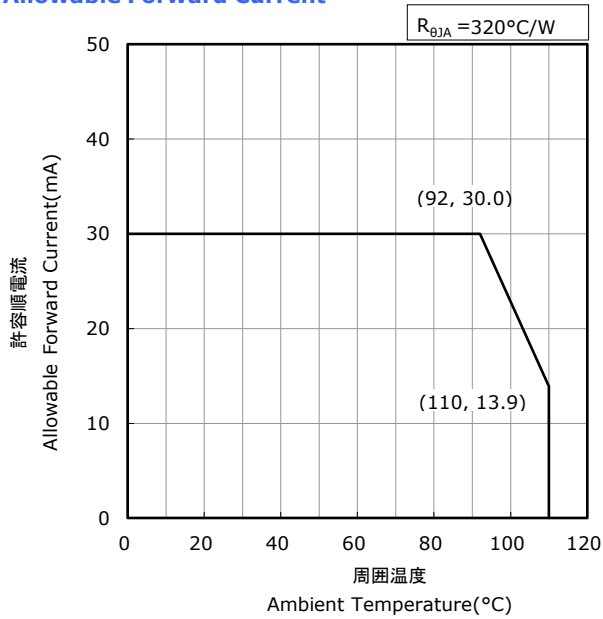
xxxx-Nichia's Product Number

RRR-Ranking by Color Coordinates, Ranking by Luminous Intensity

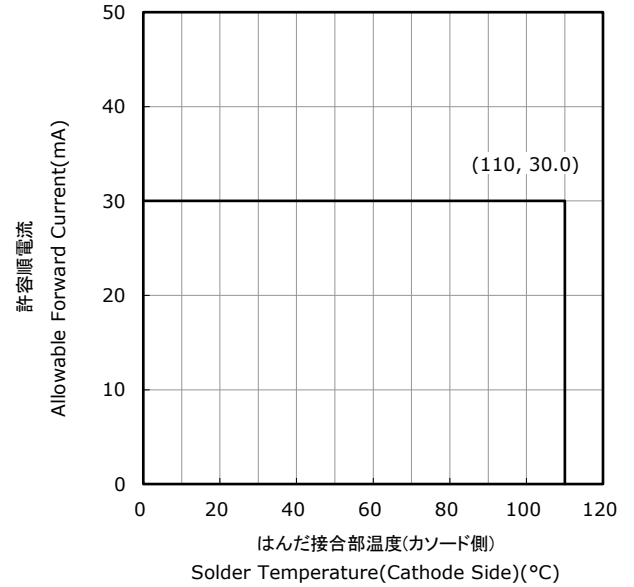
DERATING CHARACTERISTICS

NESx146A
管理番号 No. STS-DA7-8483A

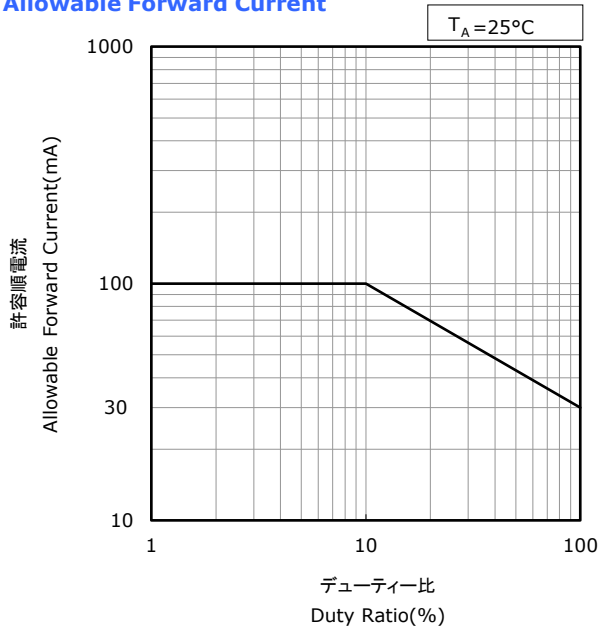
周囲温度-許容順電流特性
Ambient Temperature vs
Allowable Forward Current



はんだ接合部温度(カソード側)-許容順電流特性
Solder Temperature(Cathode Side) vs
Allowable Forward Current



デューティー比-許容順電流特性
Duty Ratio vs
Allowable Forward Current

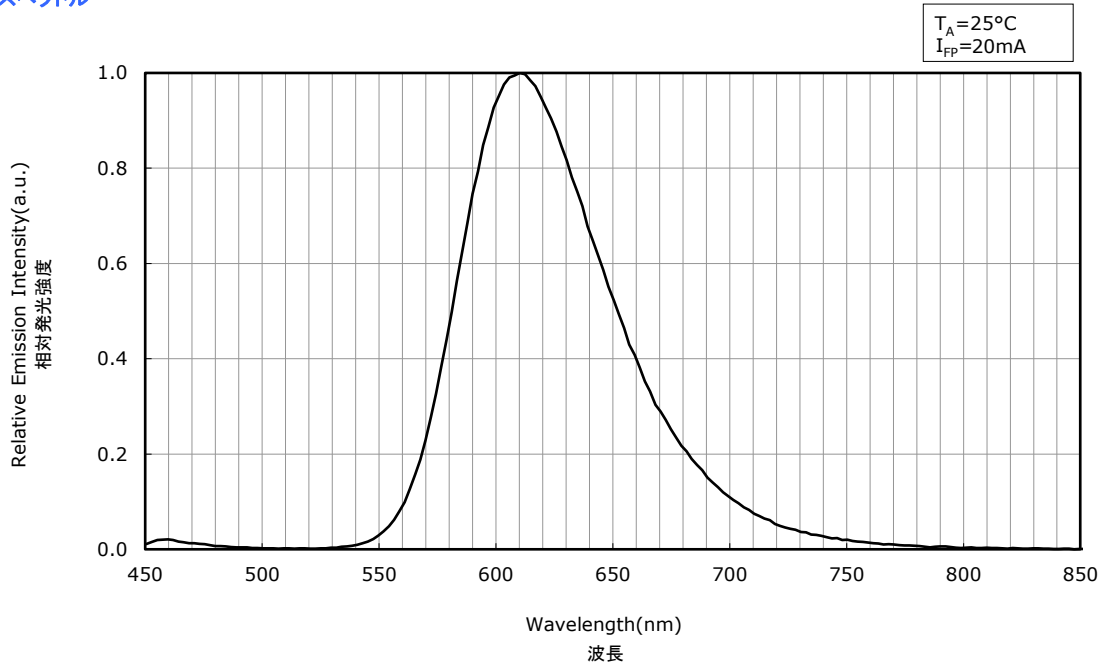


OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

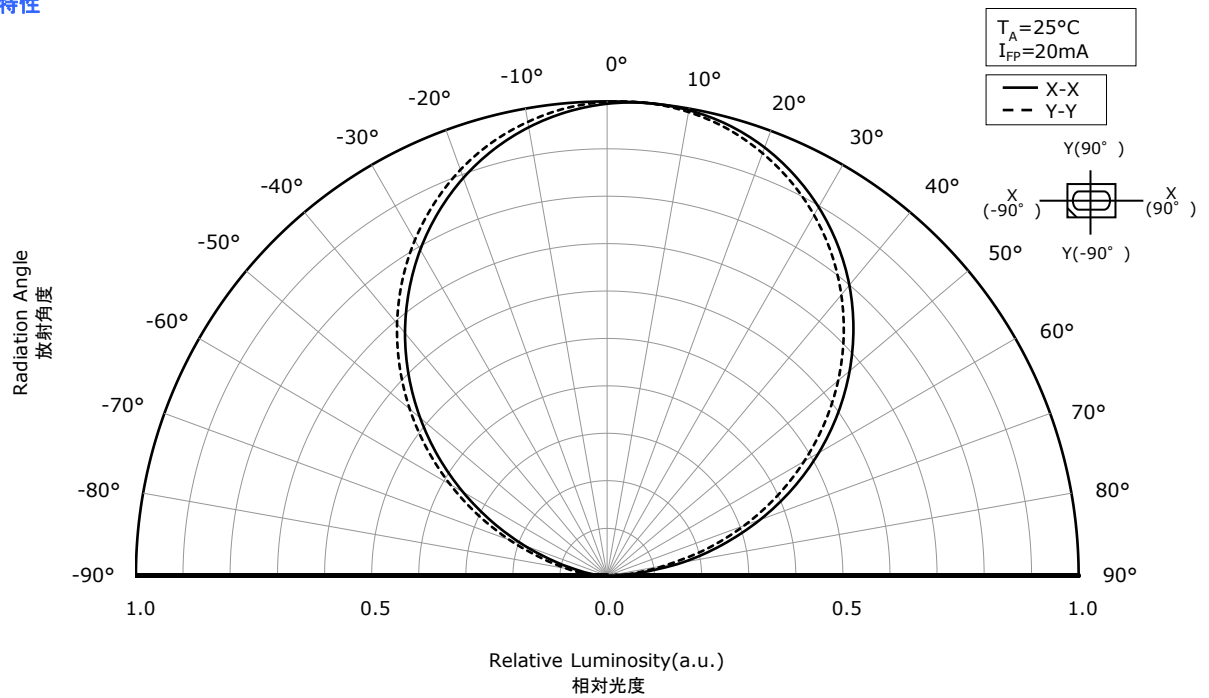
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17169

Spectrum 発光スペクトル



Directivity 指向特性



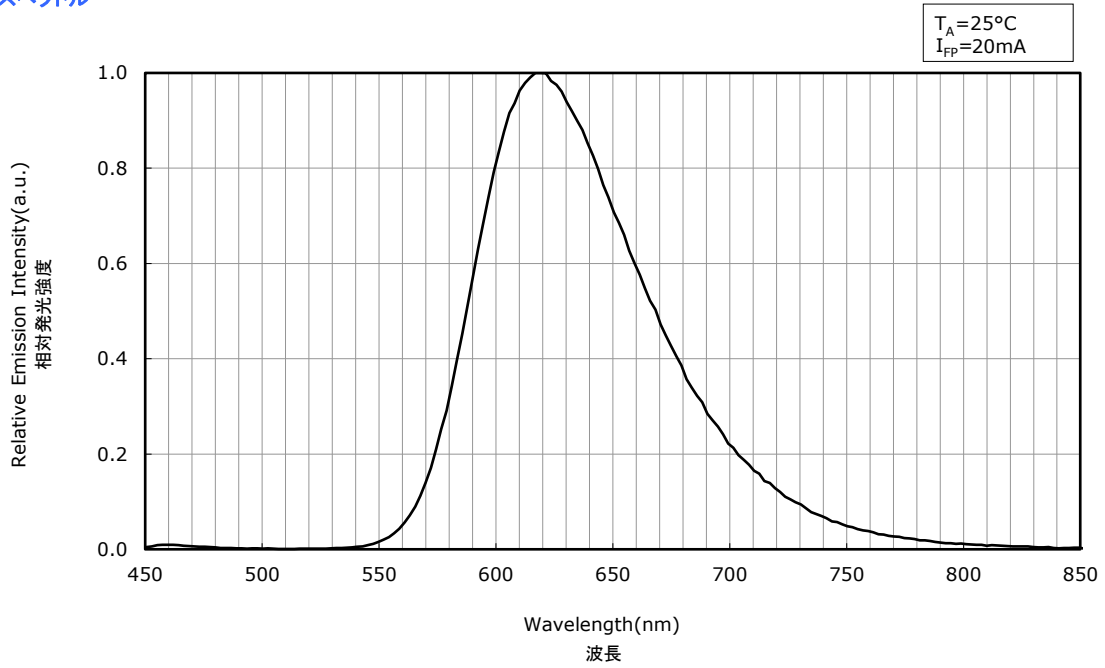
* The graphs above show the characteristics for Or5z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクOr5z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

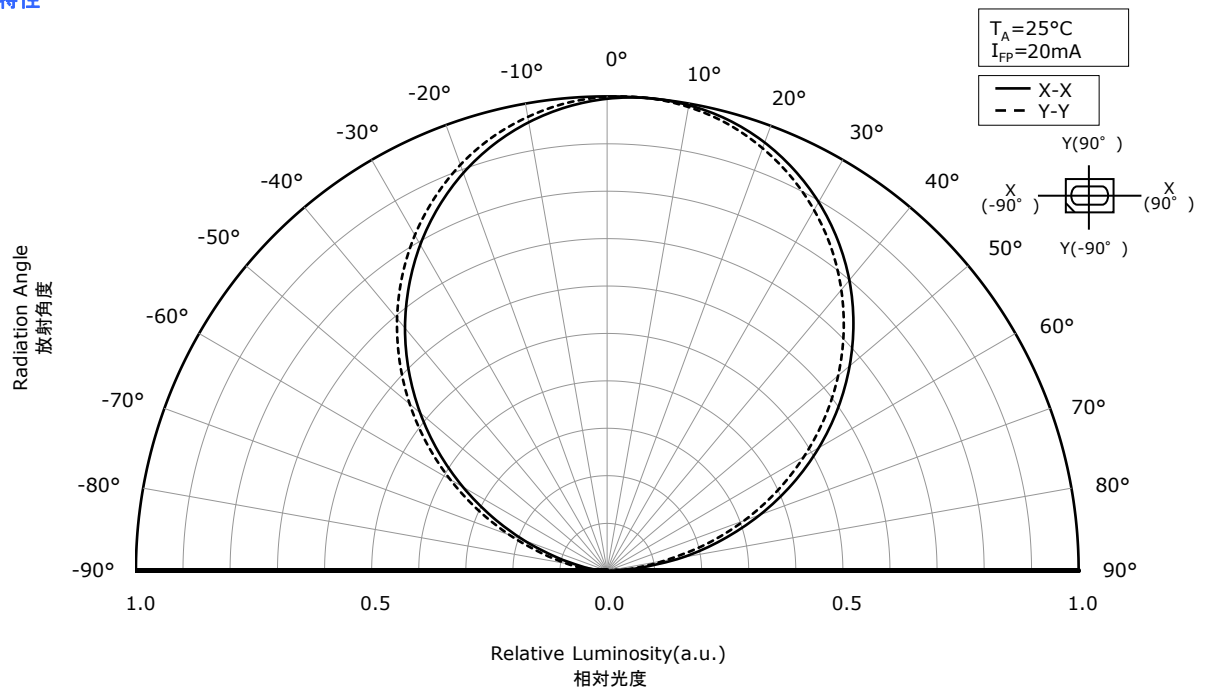
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17170

Spectrum 発光スペクトル



Directivity 指向特性



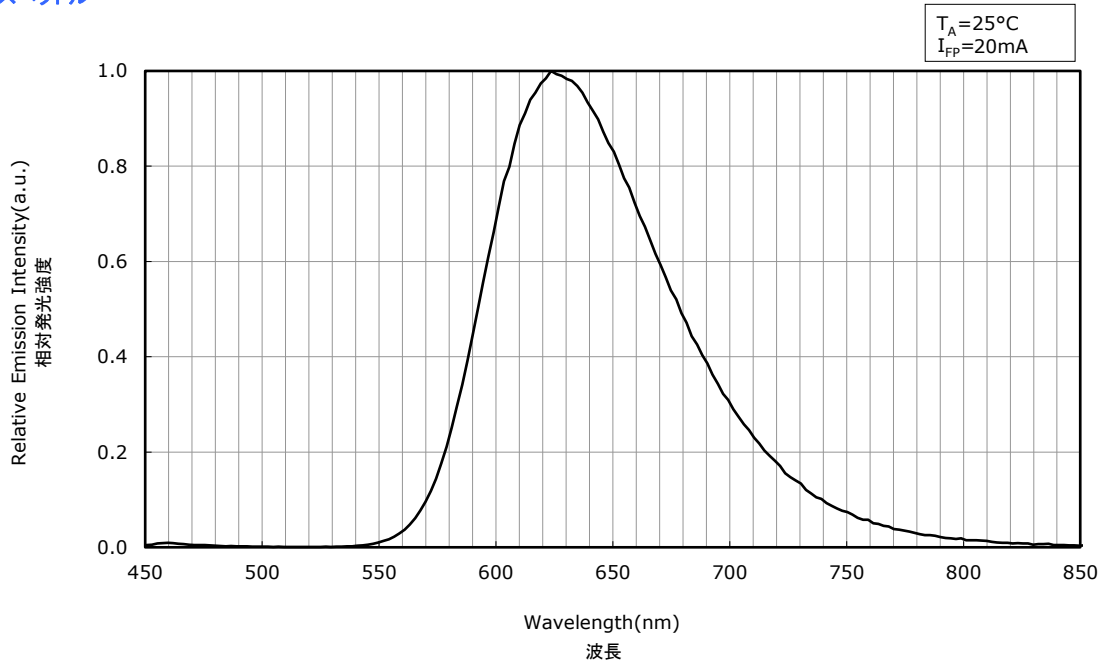
* The graphs above show the characteristics for Or6z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクOr6z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

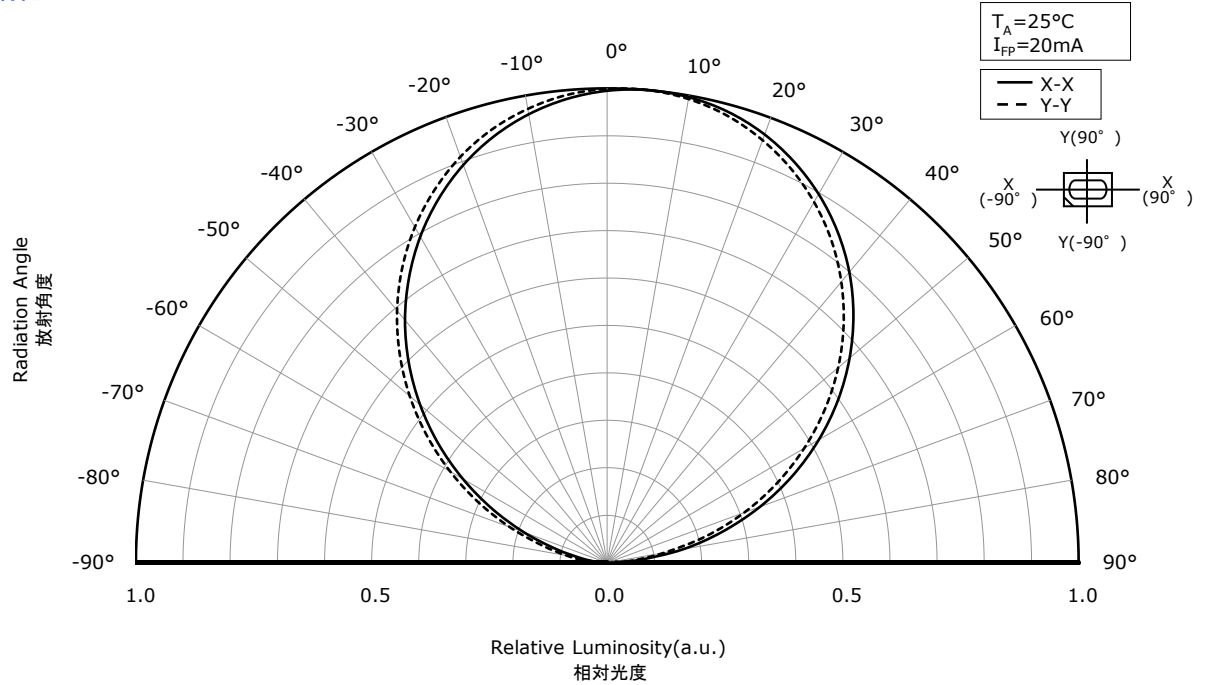
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17171

Spectrum 発光スペクトル



Directivity 指向特性



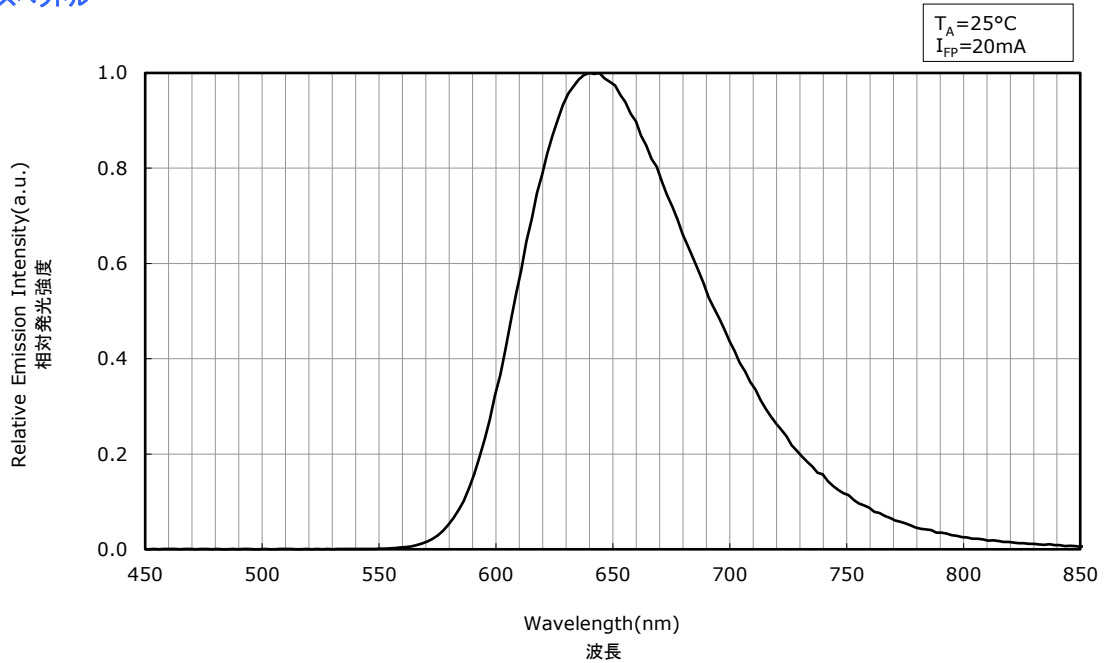
* The graphs above show the characteristics for Or7z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクOr7z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

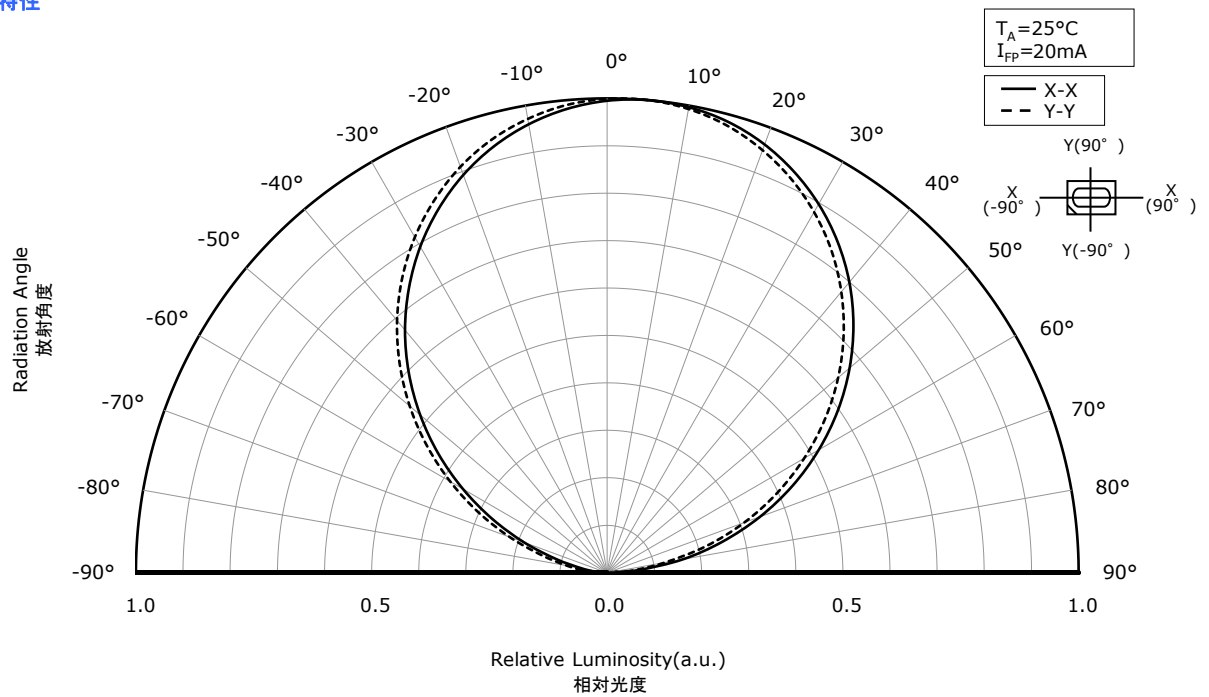
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17172

Spectrum 発光スペクトル



Directivity 指向特性



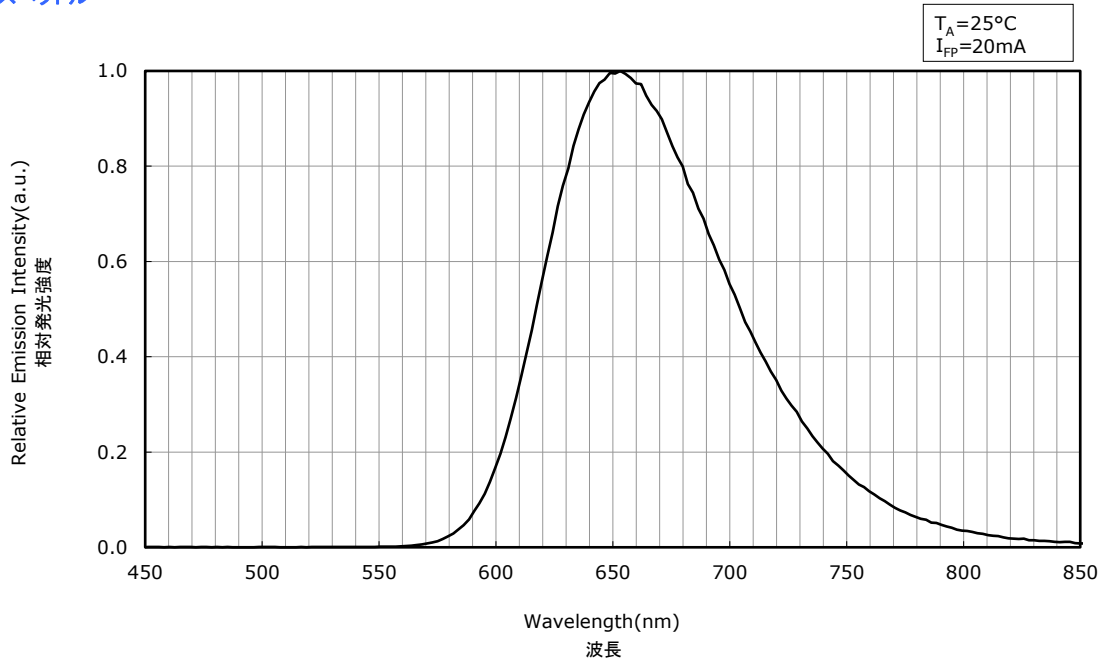
* The graphs above show the characteristics for R13z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR13z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

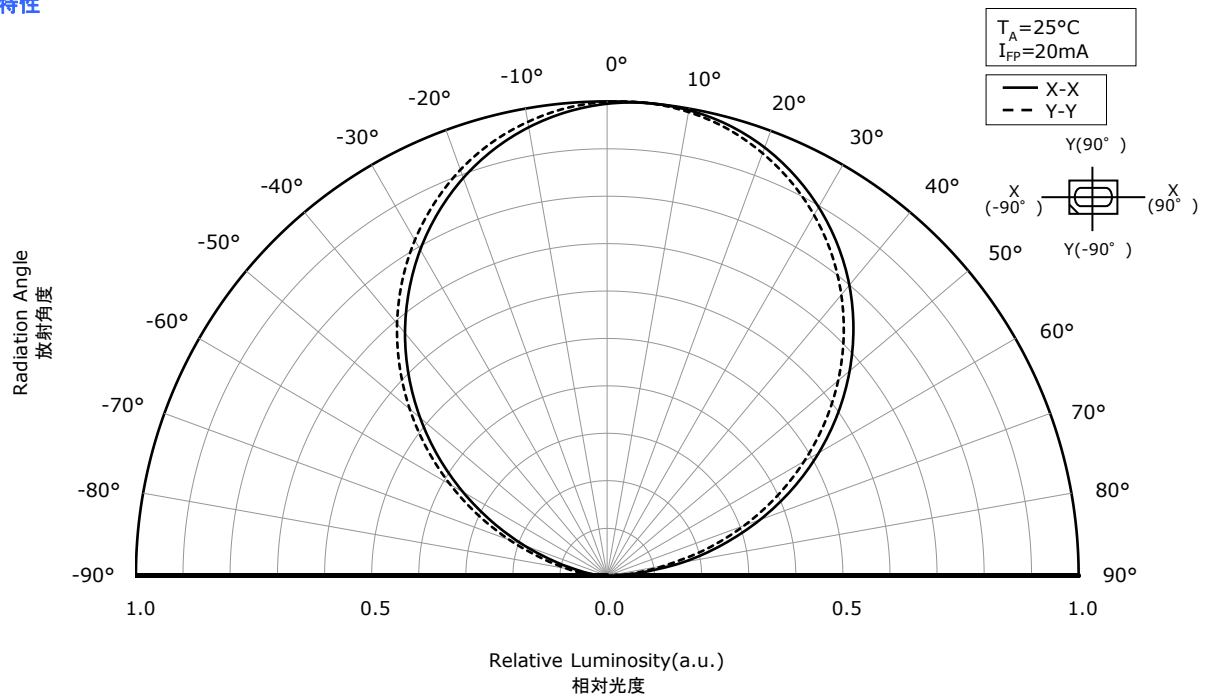
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17173

Spectrum 発光スペクトル



Directivity 指向特性



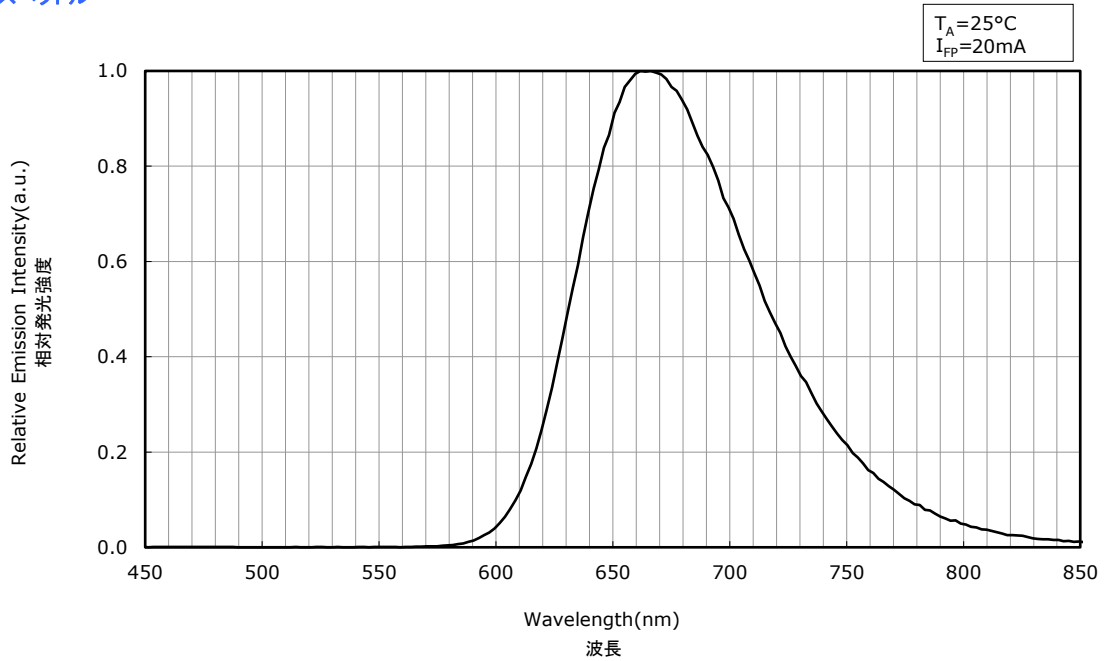
* The graphs above show the characteristics for R14z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR14z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

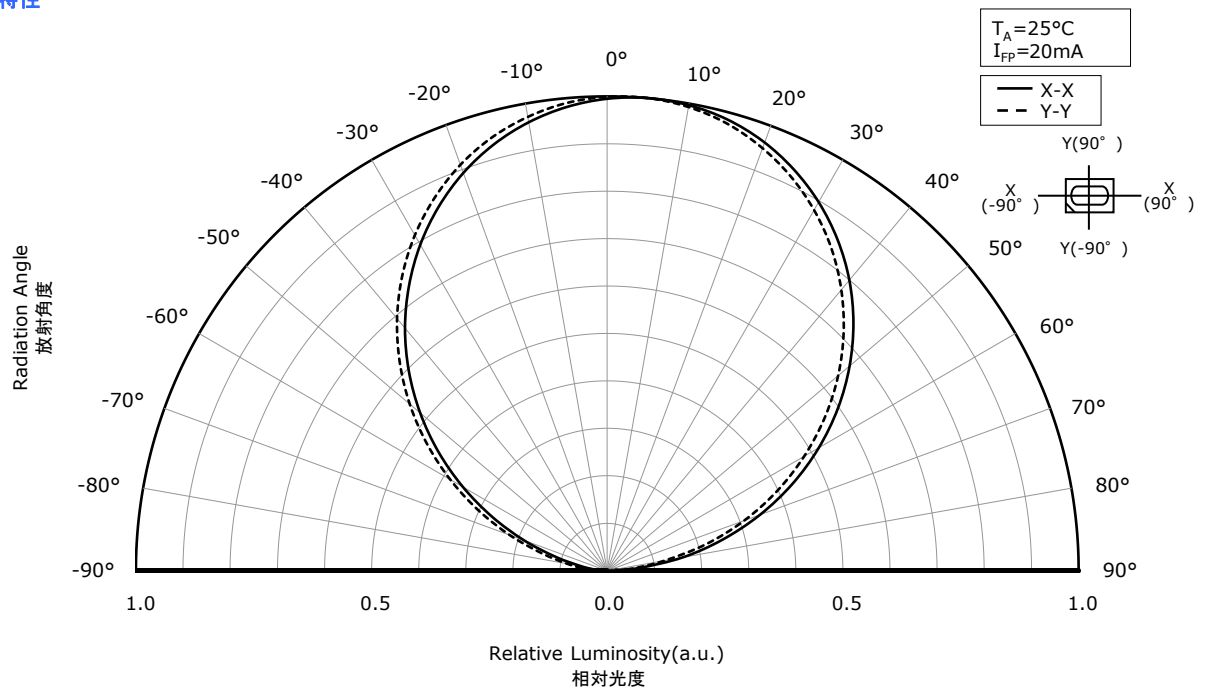
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17174

Spectrum 発光スペクトル



Directivity 指向特性



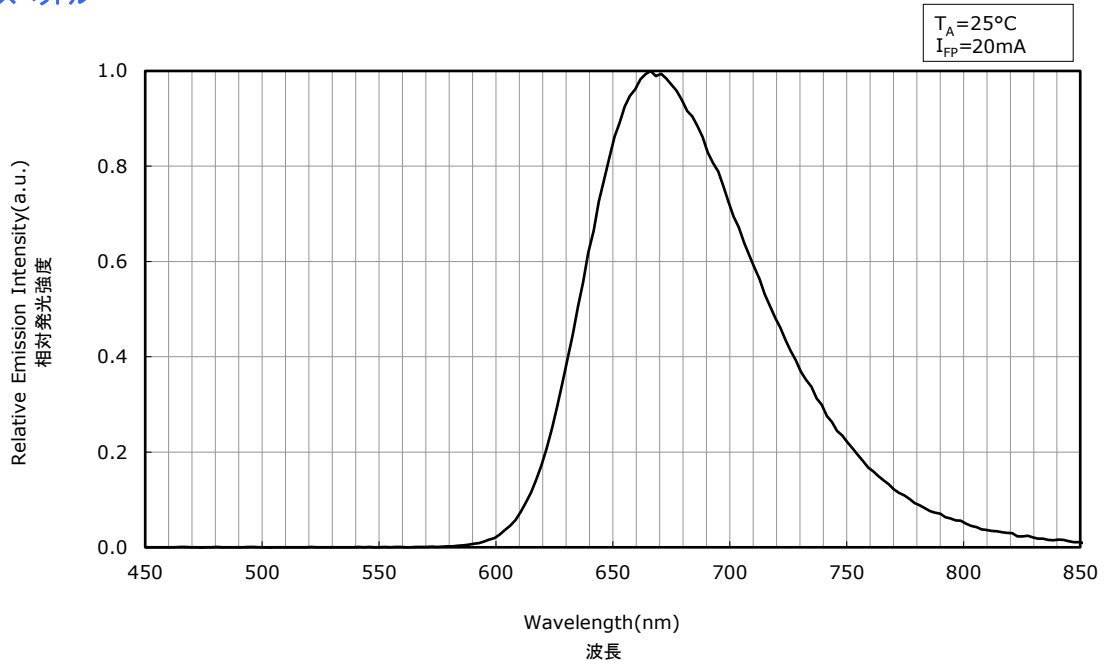
* The graphs above show the characteristics for R15z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR15z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

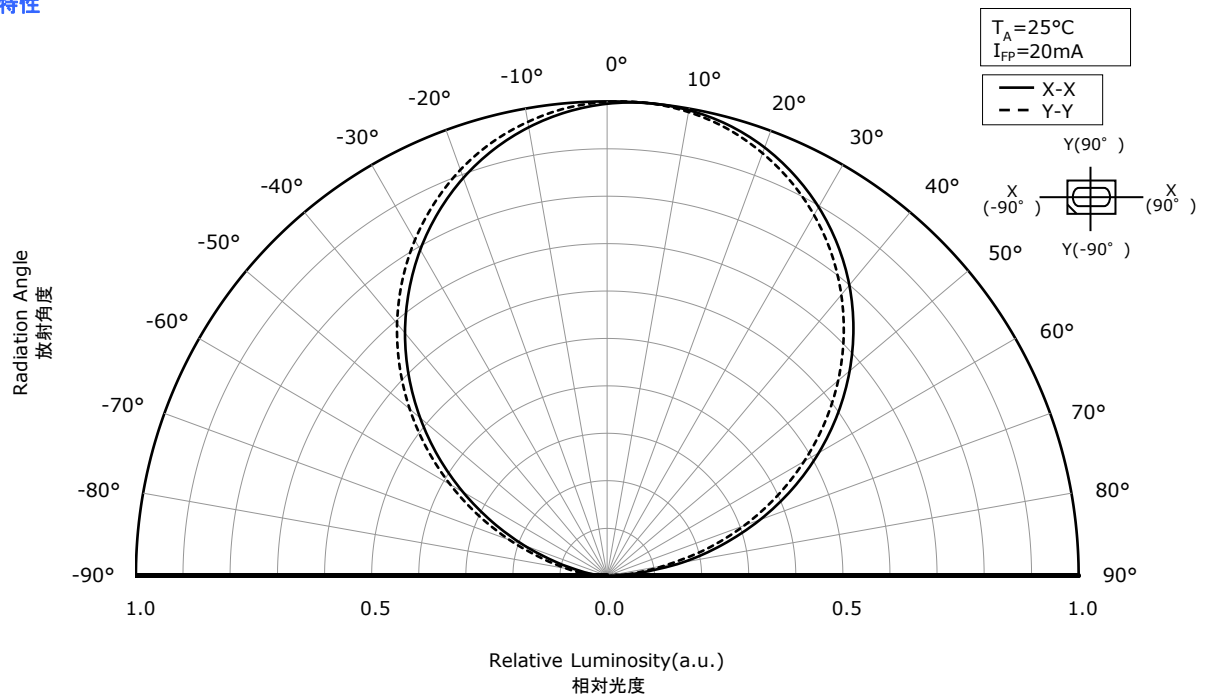
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17175

Spectrum 発光スペクトル



Directivity 指向特性



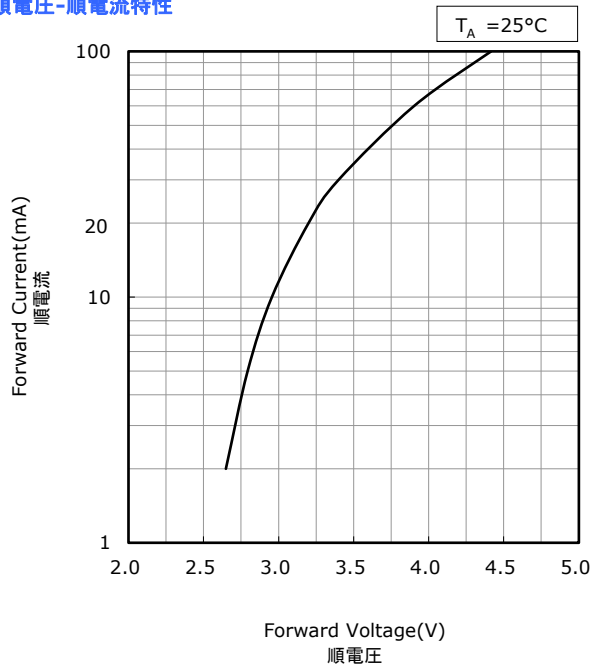
* The graphs above show the characteristics for R16z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR16z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

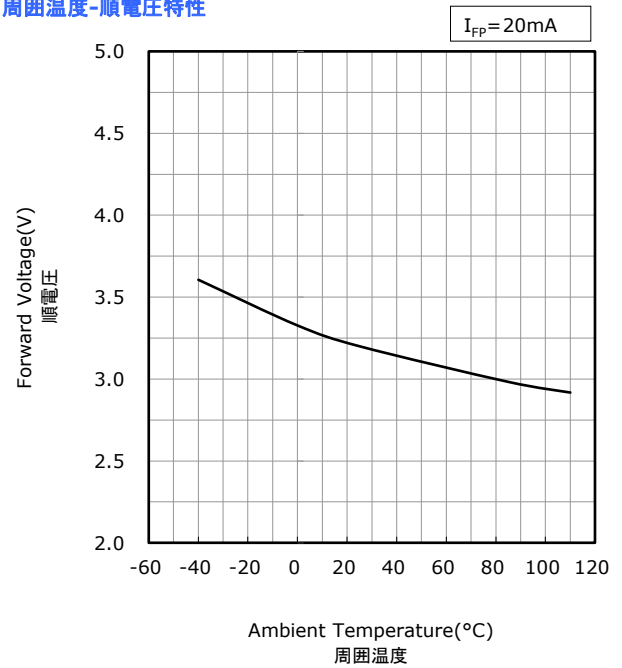
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17176

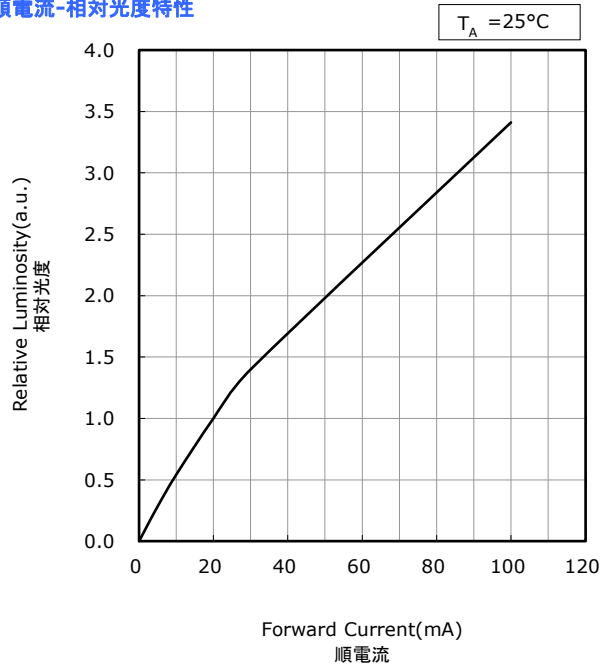
Forward Voltage vs Forward Current
 順電圧-順電流特性



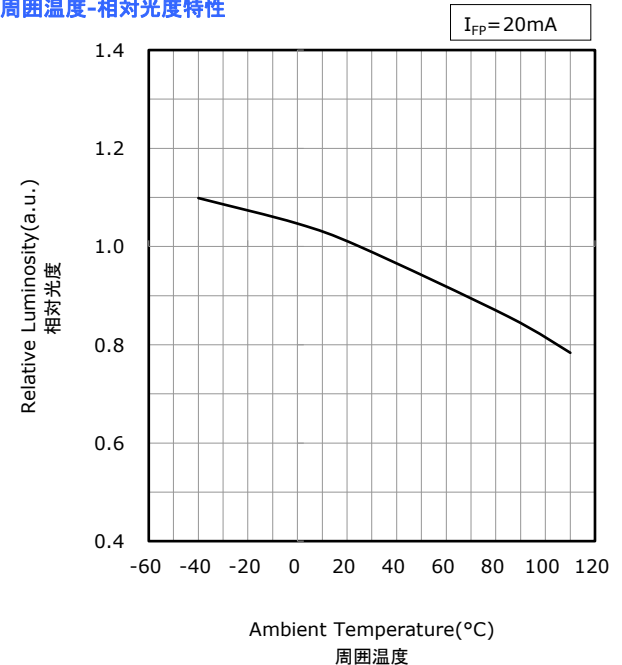
Ambient Temperature vs Forward Voltage
 周囲温度-順電圧特性



Forward Current vs Relative Luminosity
 順電流-相対光度特性



Ambient Temperature vs Relative Luminosity
 周囲温度-相対光度特性



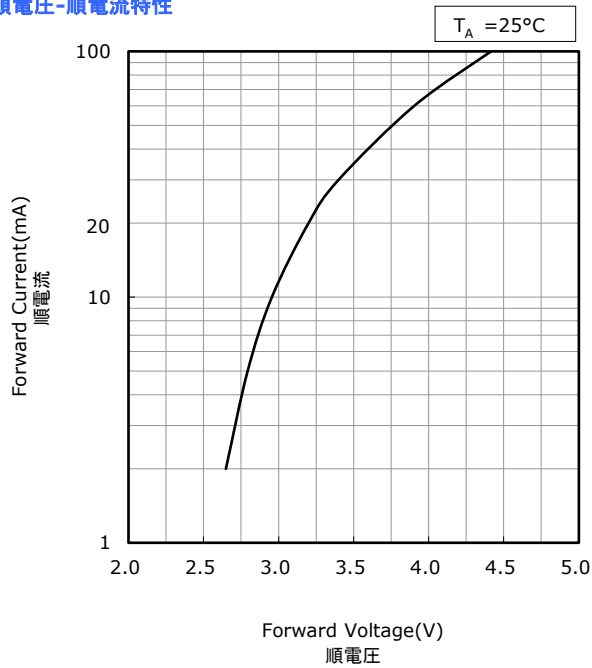
* The graphs above show the characteristics for Or5z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクOr5z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

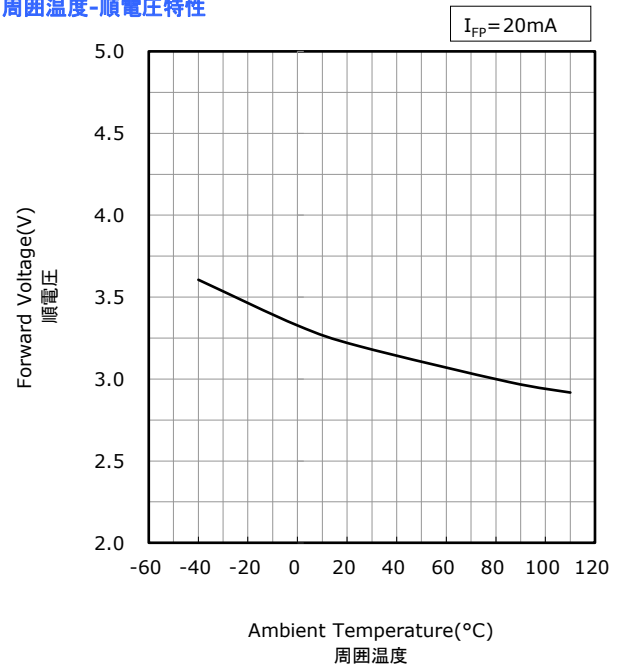
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17177

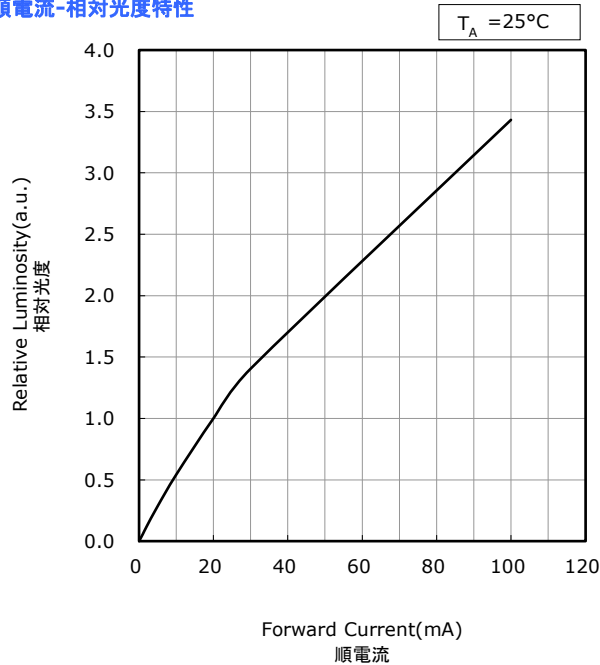
Forward Voltage vs Forward Current
 順電圧-順電流特性



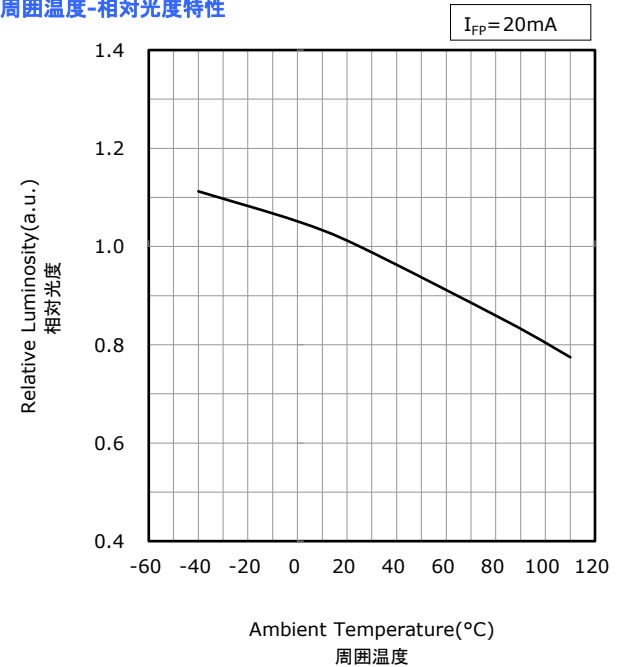
Ambient Temperature vs Forward Voltage
 周囲温度-順電圧特性



Forward Current vs Relative Luminosity
 順電流-相対光度特性



Ambient Temperature vs Relative Luminosity
 周囲温度-相対光度特性



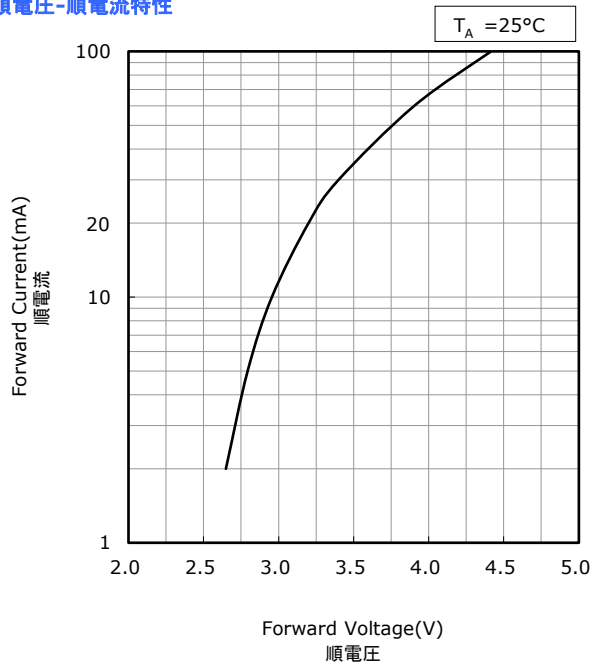
* The graphs above show the characteristics for Or6z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクOr6z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

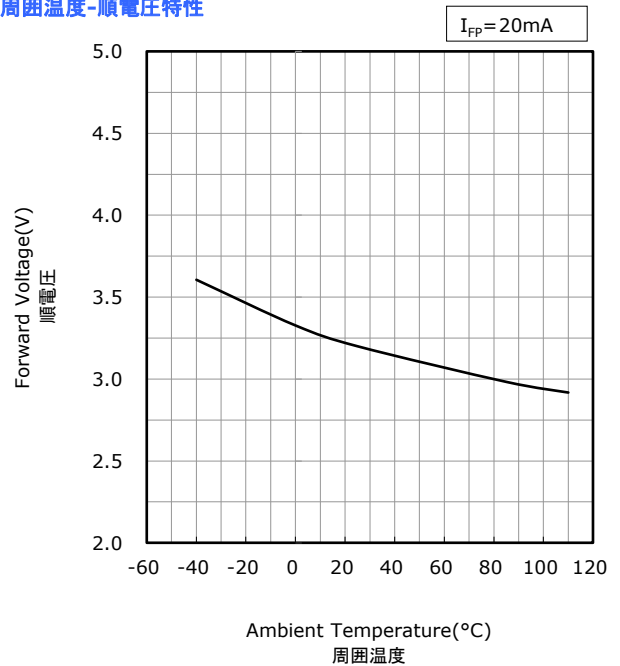
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17178

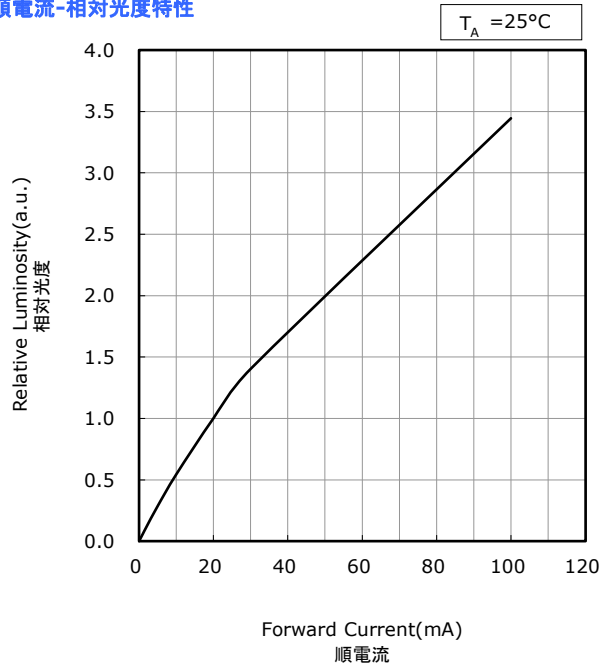
Forward Voltage vs Forward Current
 順電圧-順電流特性



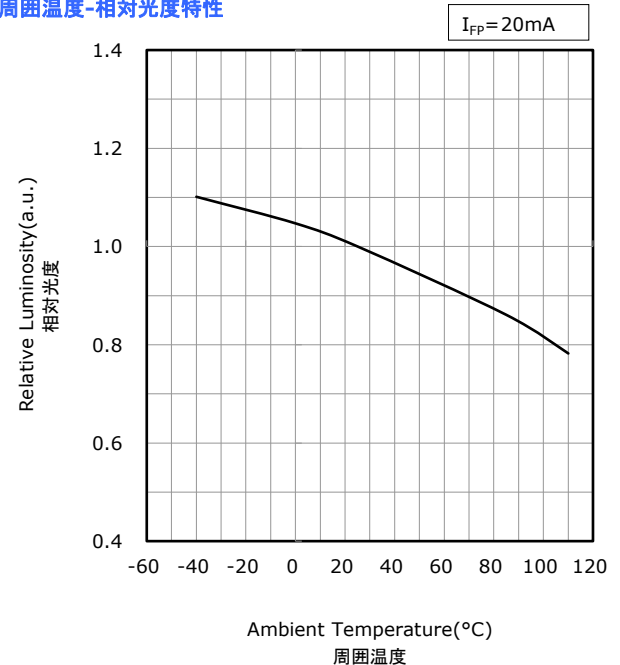
Ambient Temperature vs Forward Voltage
 周囲温度-順電圧特性



Forward Current vs Relative Luminosity
 順電流-相対光度特性



Ambient Temperature vs Relative Luminosity
 周囲温度-相対光度特性



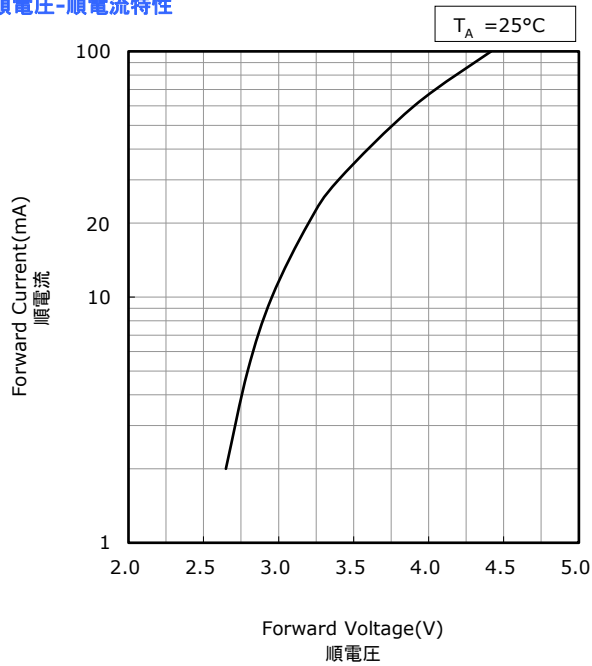
* The graphs above show the characteristics for Or7z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクOr7z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

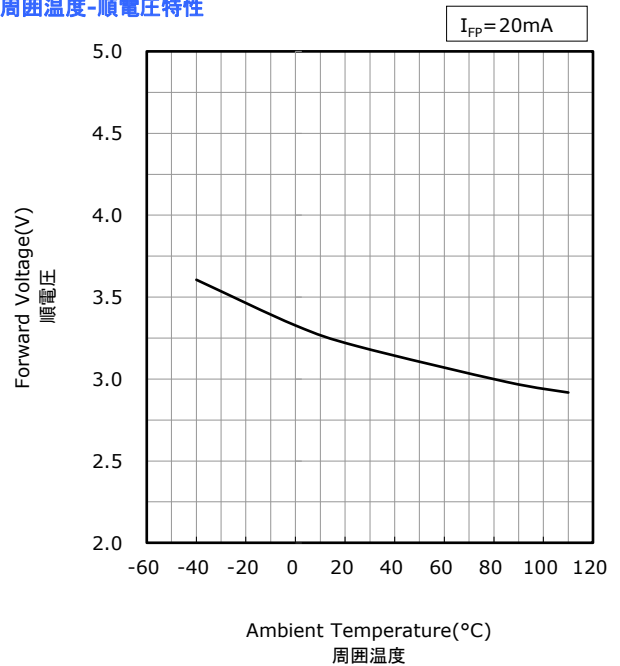
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17179

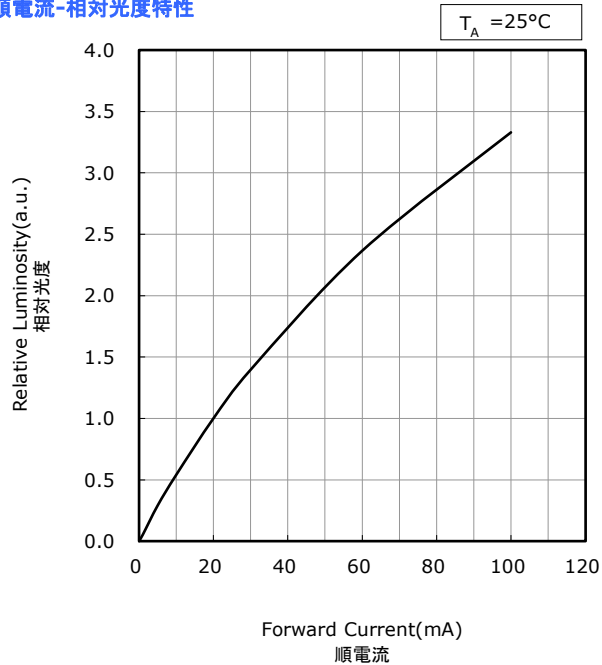
Forward Voltage vs Forward Current
 順電圧-順電流特性



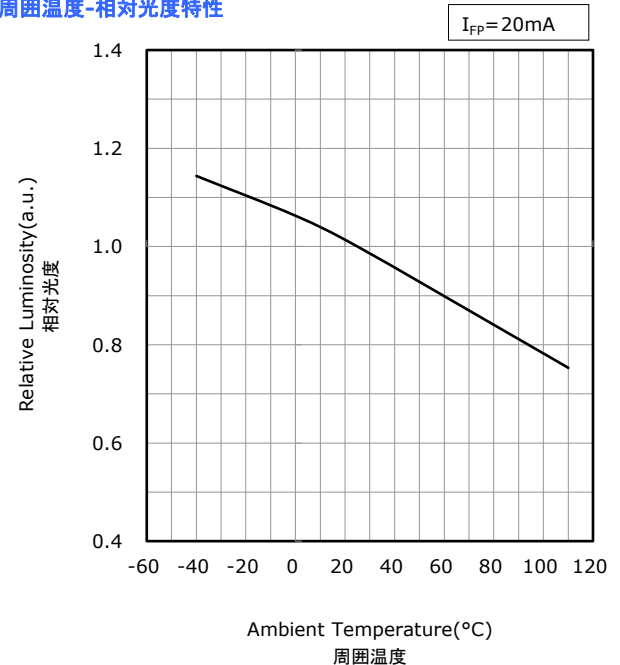
Ambient Temperature vs Forward Voltage
 周囲温度-順電圧特性



Forward Current vs Relative Luminosity
 順電流-相対光度特性



Ambient Temperature vs Relative Luminosity
 周囲温度-相対光度特性



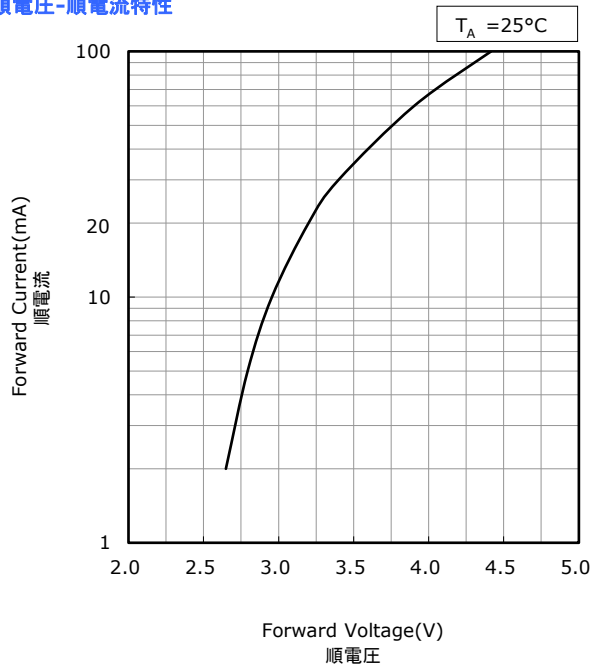
* The graphs above show the characteristics for R13z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR13z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

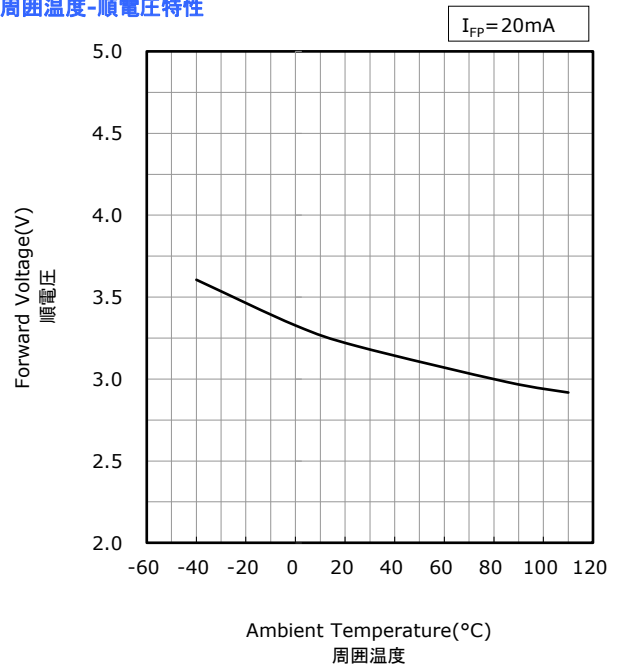
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17180

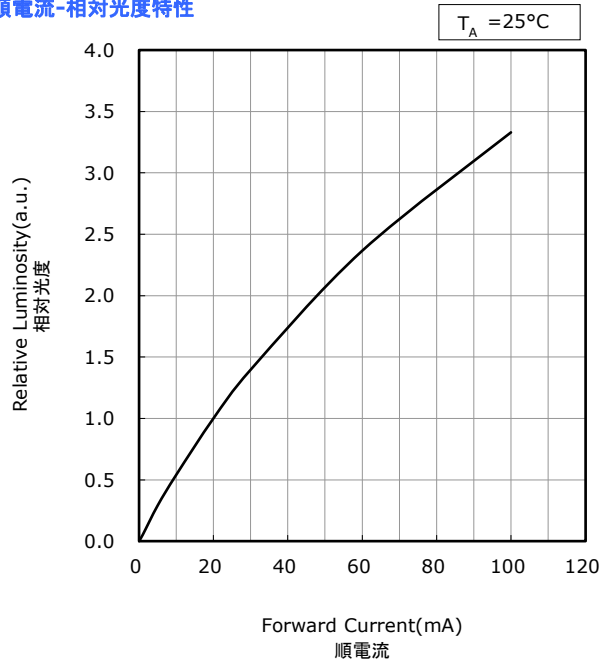
Forward Voltage vs Forward Current
 順電圧-順電流特性



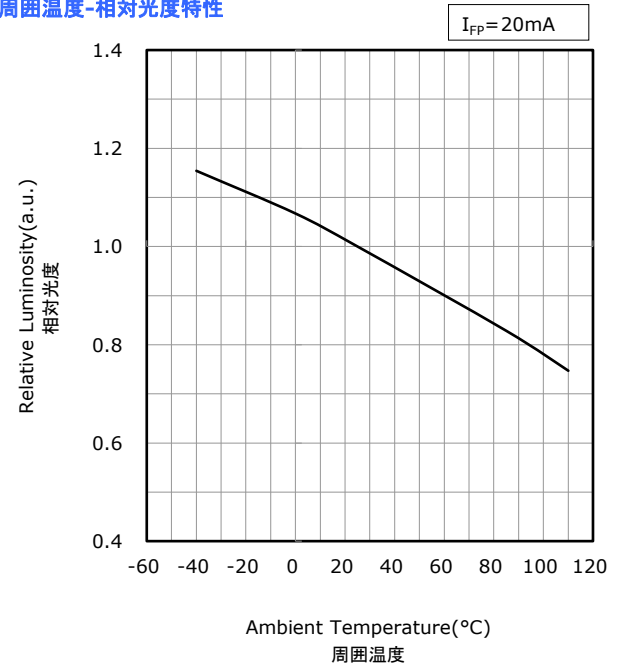
Ambient Temperature vs Forward Voltage
 周囲温度-順電圧特性



Forward Current vs Relative Luminosity
 順電流-相対光度特性



Ambient Temperature vs Relative Luminosity
 周囲温度-相対光度特性



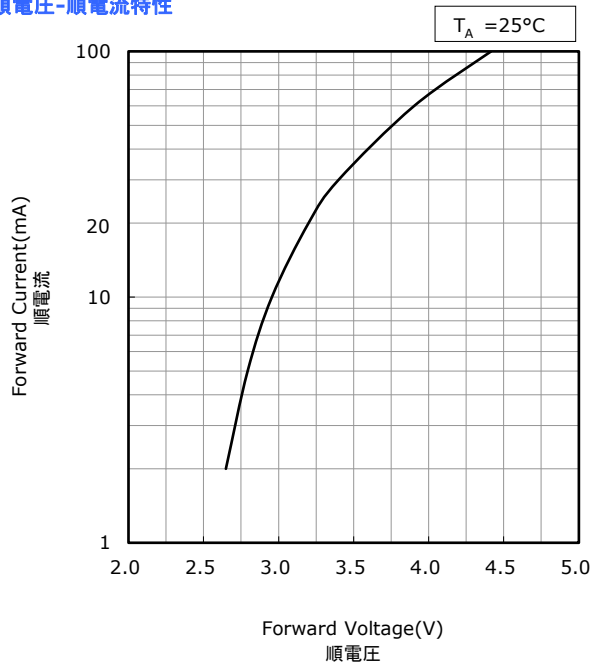
* The graphs above show the characteristics for R14z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR14z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

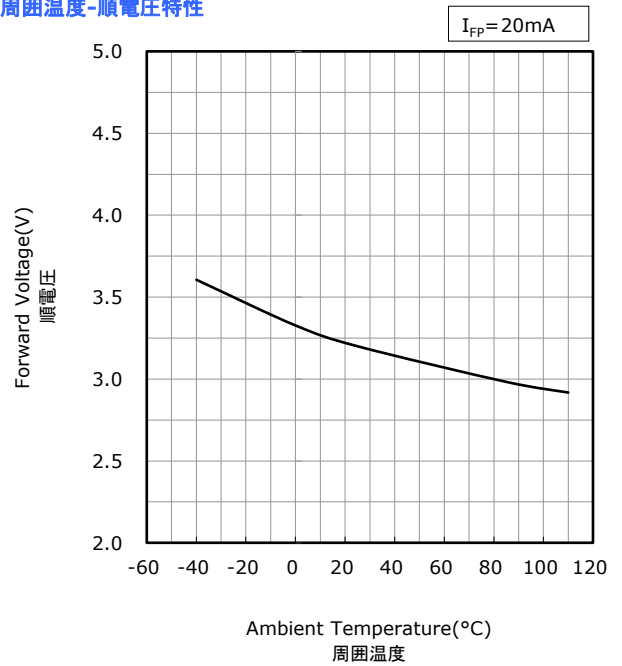
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17181

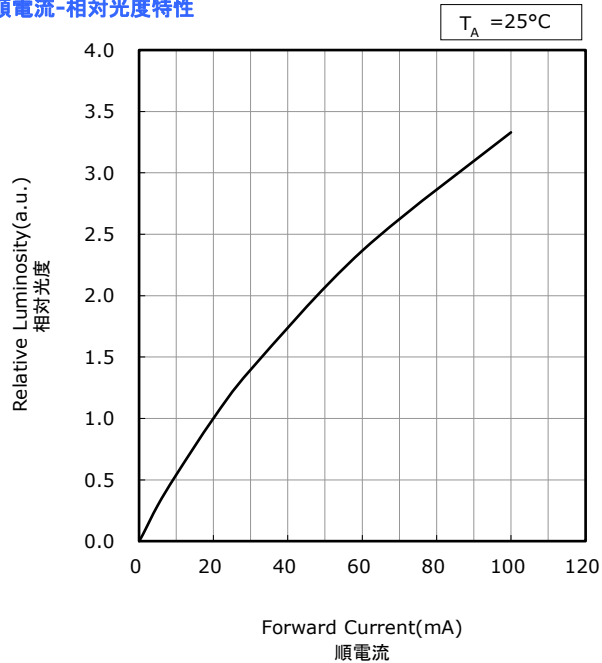
Forward Voltage vs Forward Current
 順電圧-順電流特性



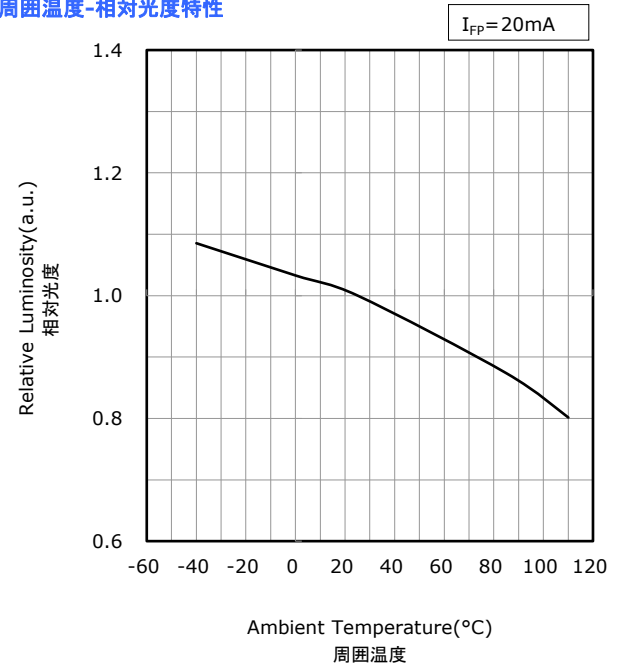
Ambient Temperature vs Forward Voltage
 周囲温度-順電圧特性



Forward Current vs Relative Luminosity
 順電流-相対光度特性



Ambient Temperature vs Relative Luminosity
 周囲温度-相対光度特性



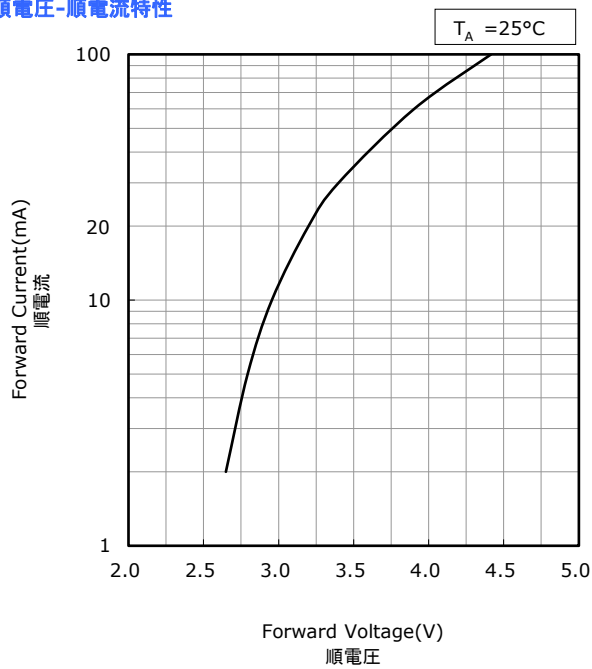
* The graphs above show the characteristics for R15z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR15z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

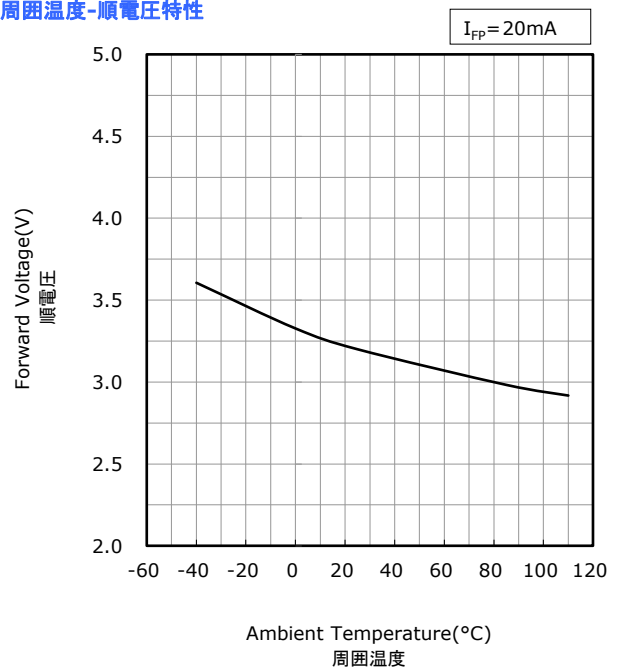
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17182

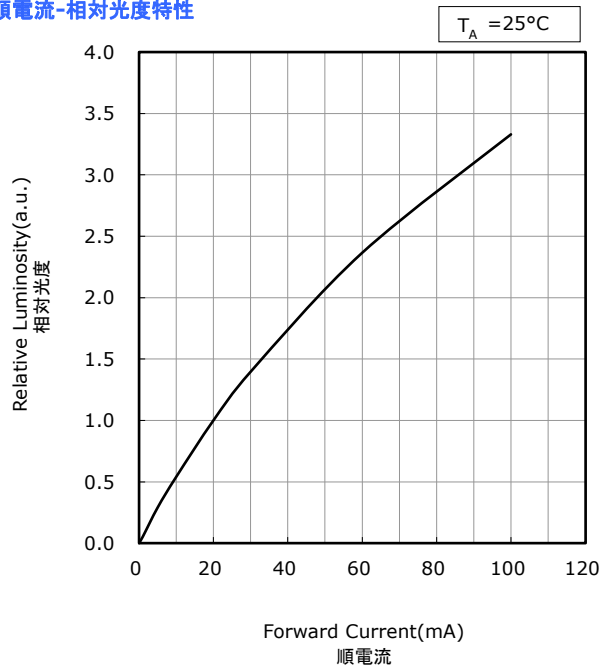
Forward Voltage vs Forward Current
 順電圧-順電流特性



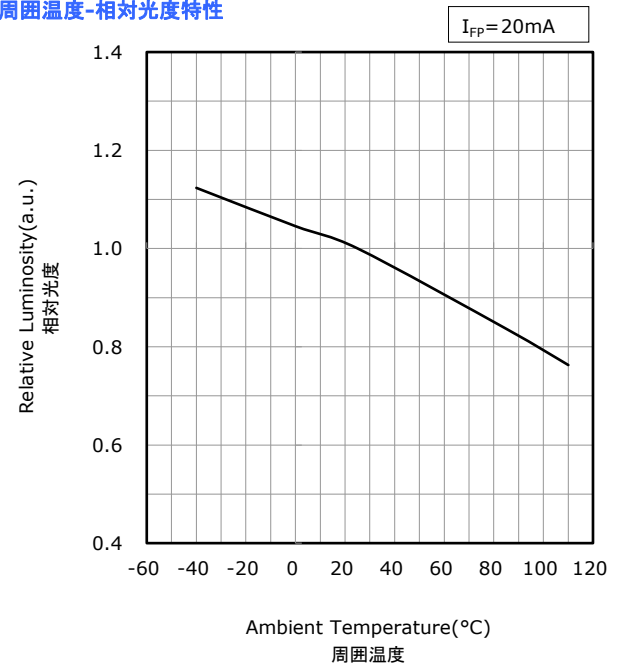
Ambient Temperature vs Forward Voltage
 周囲温度-順電圧特性



Forward Current vs Relative Luminosity
 順電流-相対光度特性



Ambient Temperature vs Relative Luminosity
 周囲温度-相対光度特性



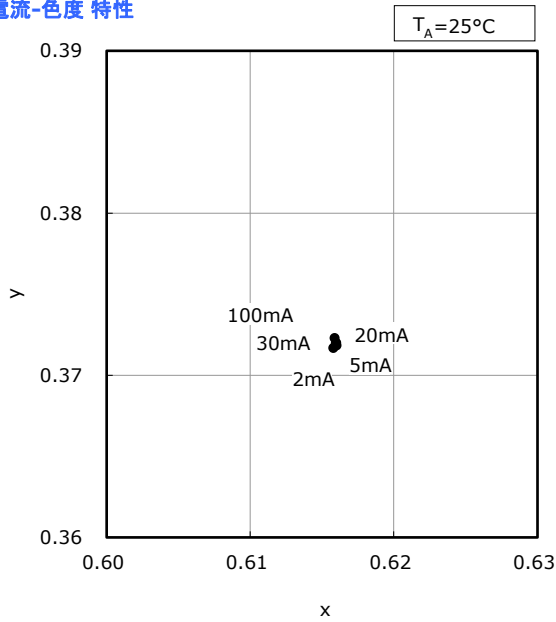
* The graphs above show the characteristics for R16z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR16z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

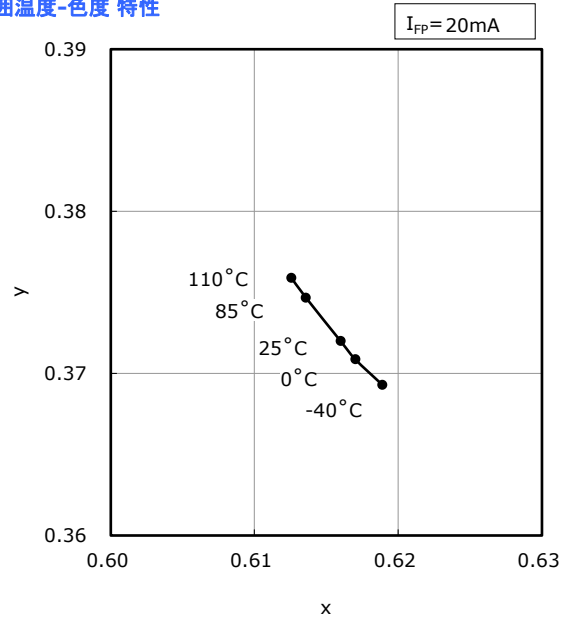
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17183

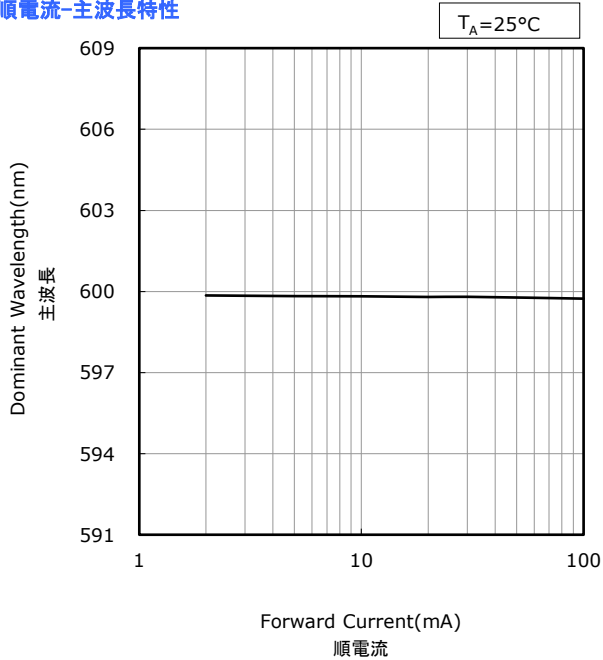
Forward Current vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 順電流-色度 特性



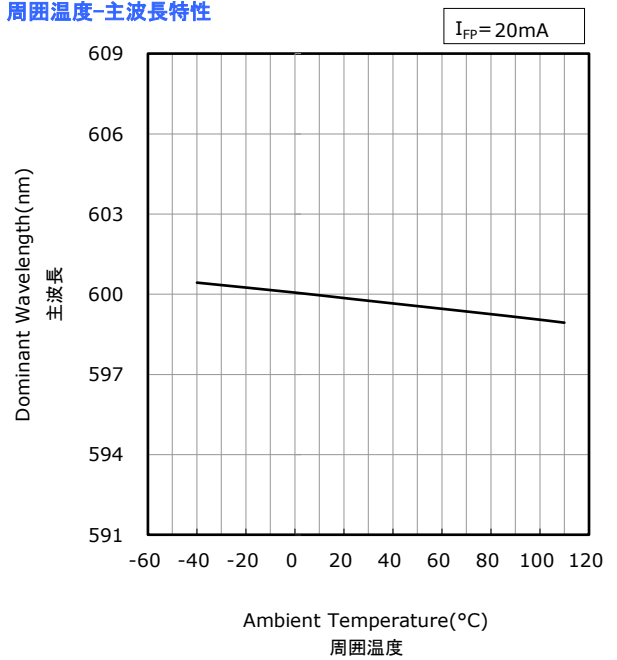
Ambient Temperature vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 周囲温度-色度 特性



Forward Current vs Dominant Wavelength
 順電流-主波長特性



Ambient Temperature vs Dominant Wavelength
 周囲温度-主波長特性



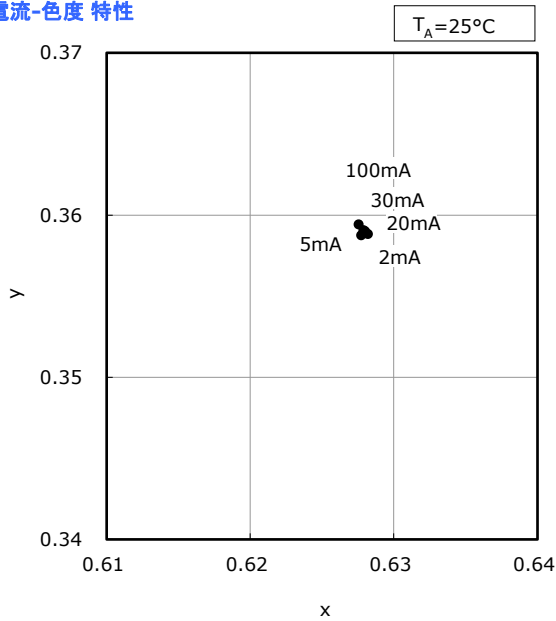
* The graphs above show the characteristics for Or5z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクOr5z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

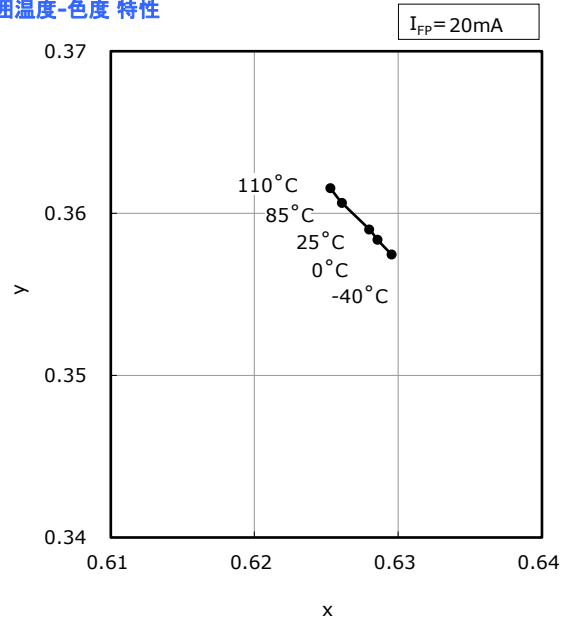
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17184

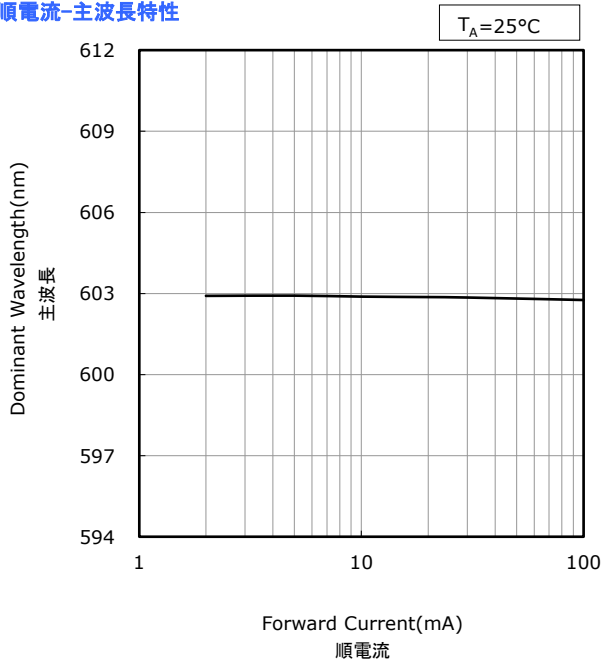
Forward Current vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 順電流-色度 特性



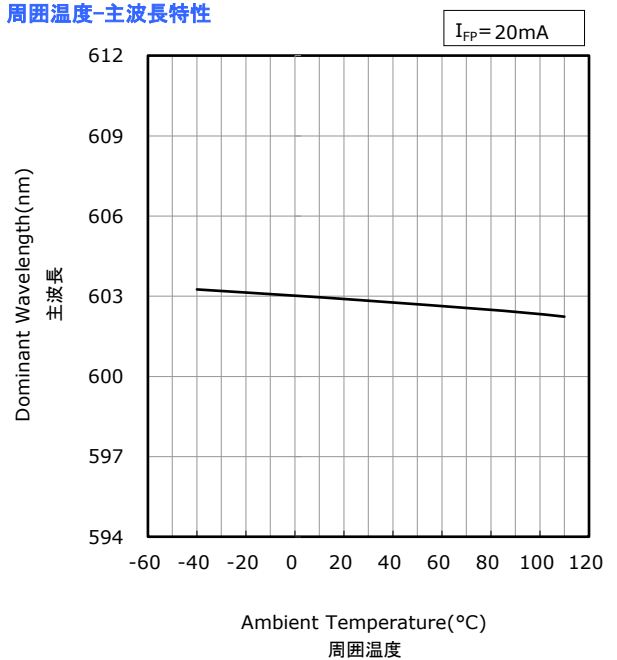
Ambient Temperature vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 周囲温度-色度 特性



Forward Current vs Dominant Wavelength
 順電流-主波長特性



Ambient Temperature vs Dominant Wavelength
 周囲温度-主波長特性



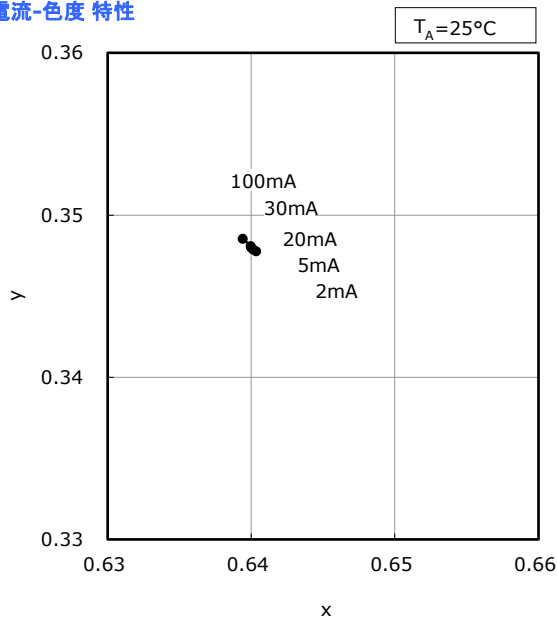
* The graphs above show the characteristics for Or6z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクOr6z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

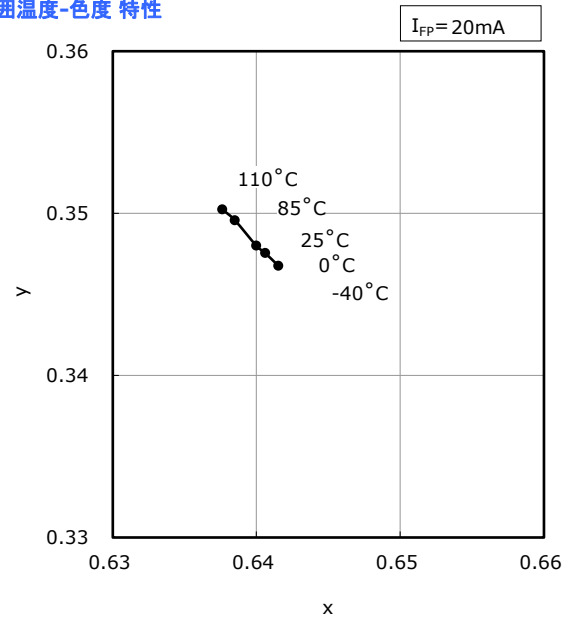
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17185

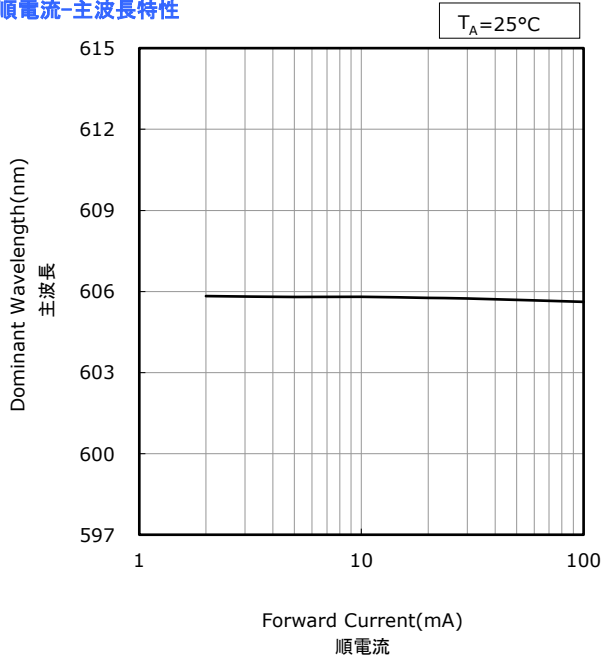
Forward Current vs Chromaticity Coordinate
順電流-色度 特性



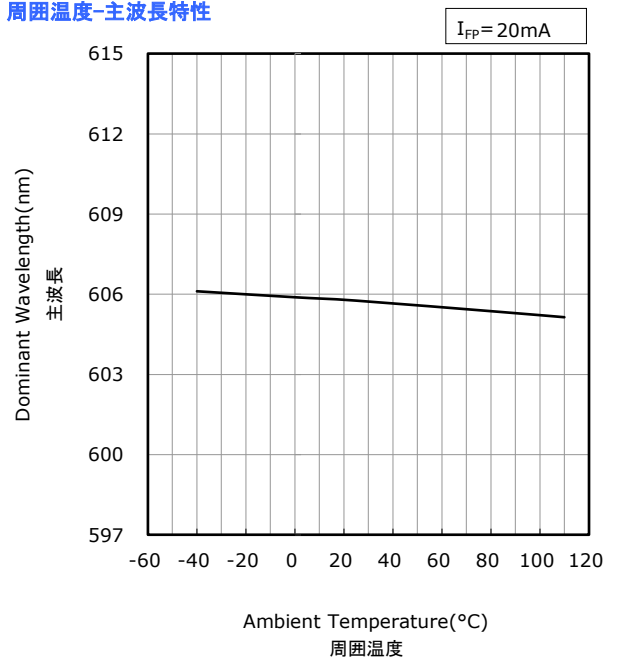
Ambient Temperature vs Chromaticity Coordinate
周囲温度-色度 特性



Forward Current vs Dominant Wavelength
順電流-主波長特性



Ambient Temperature vs Dominant Wavelength
周囲温度-主波長特性



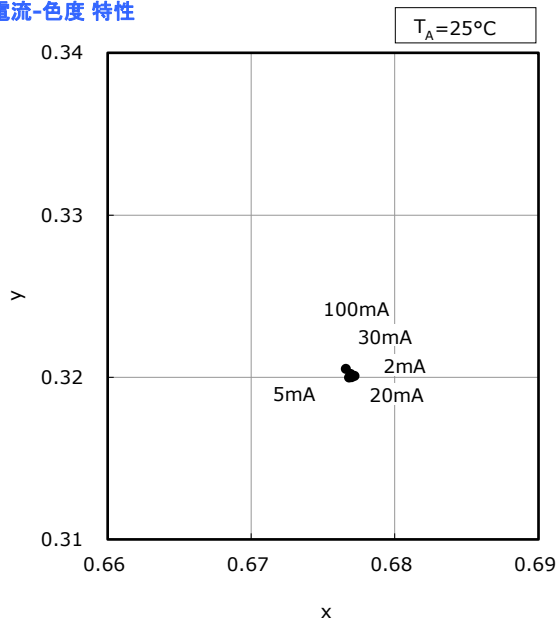
* The graphs above show the characteristics for Or7z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクOr7z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

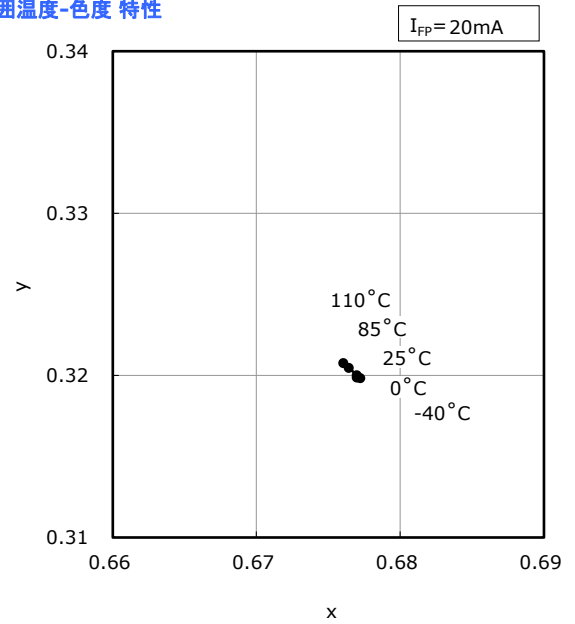
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17186

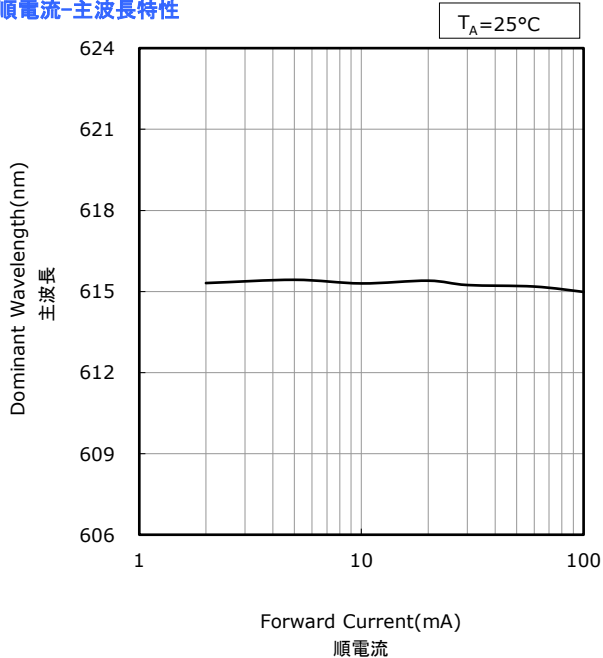
Forward Current vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 順電流-色度 特性



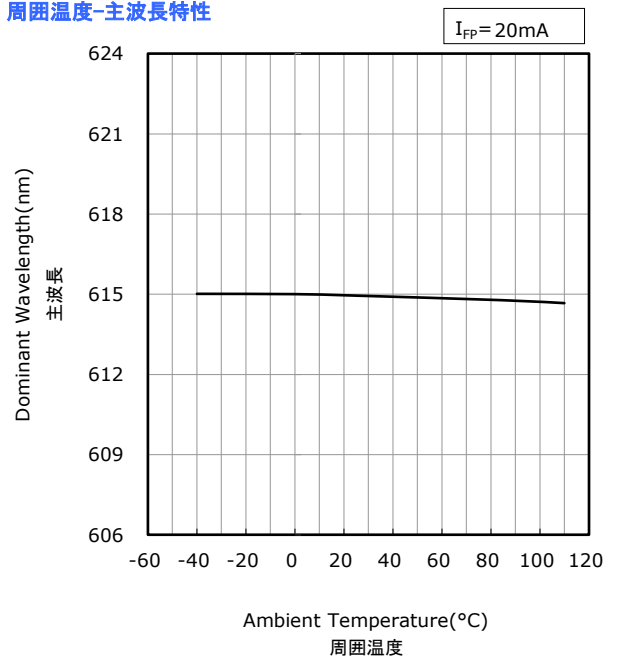
Ambient Temperature vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 周囲温度-色度 特性



Forward Current vs Dominant Wavelength
 順電流-主波長特性



Ambient Temperature vs Dominant Wavelength
 周囲温度-主波長特性



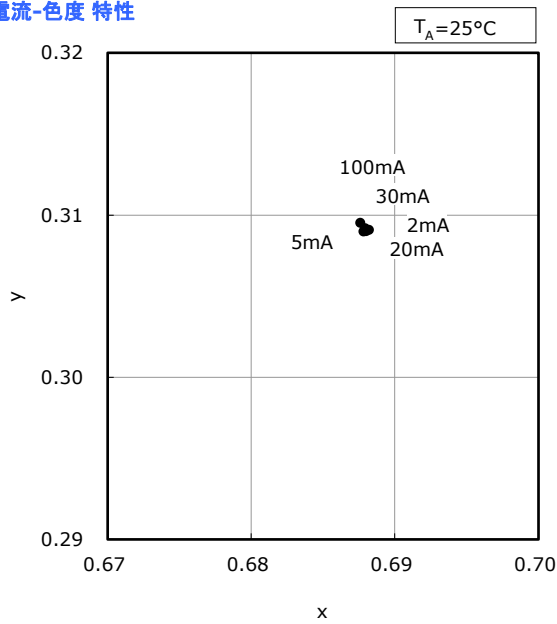
* The graphs above show the characteristics for R13z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR13z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

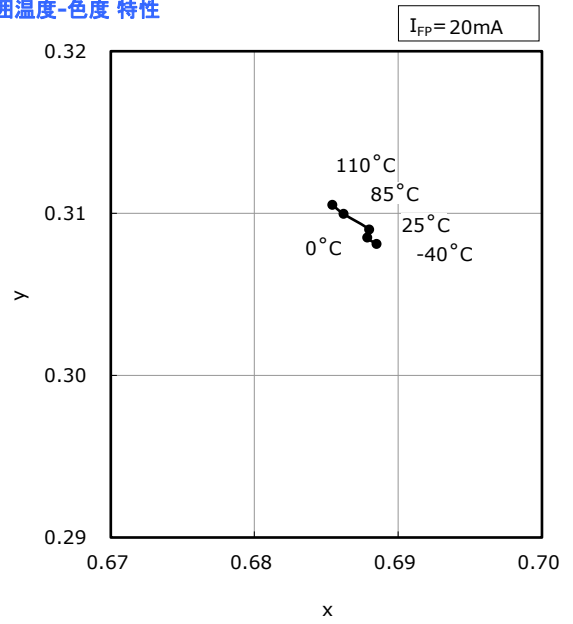
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17187

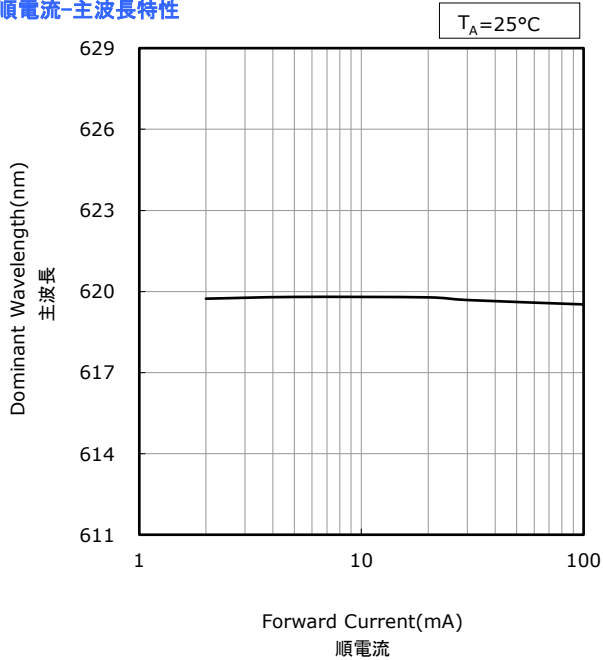
Forward Current vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 順電流-色度 特性



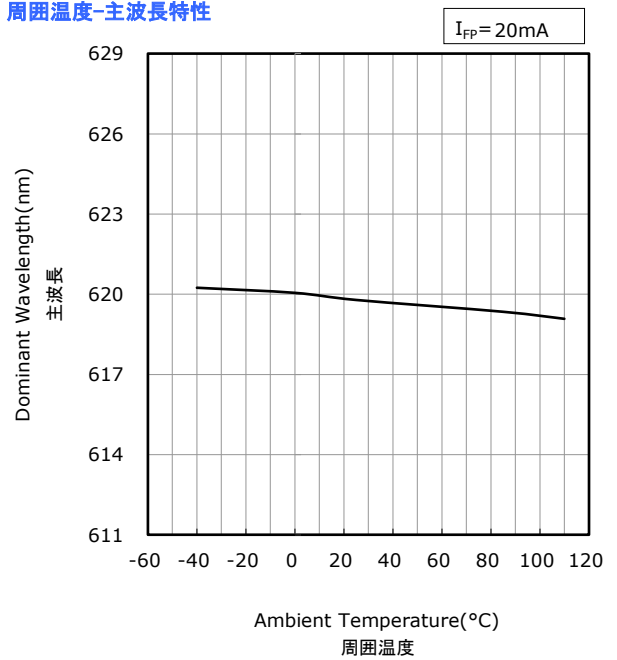
Ambient Temperature vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 周囲温度-色度 特性



Forward Current vs Dominant Wavelength
 順電流-主波長特性



Ambient Temperature vs Dominant Wavelength
 周囲温度-主波長特性



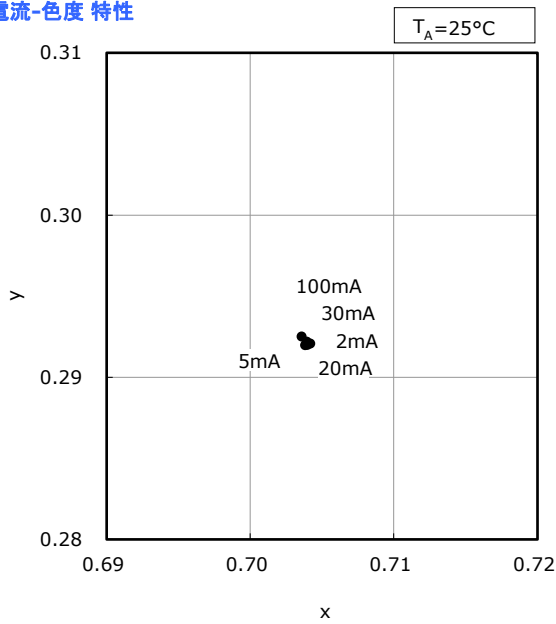
* The graphs above show the characteristics for R14z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR14z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

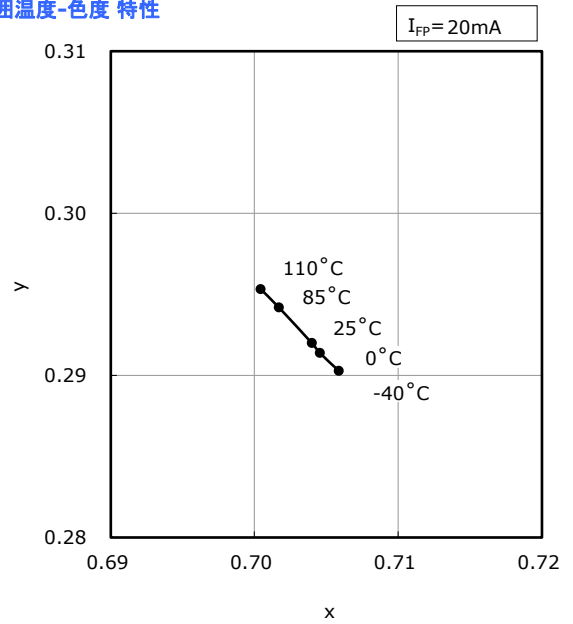
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17188

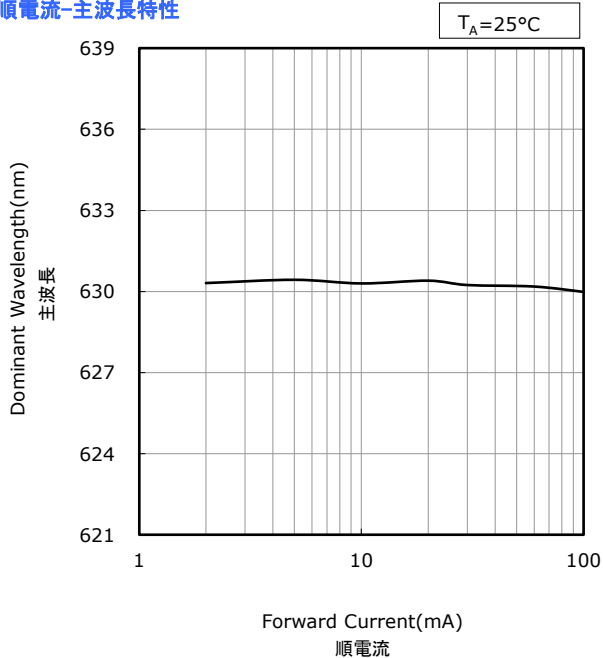
Forward Current vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 順電流-色度 特性



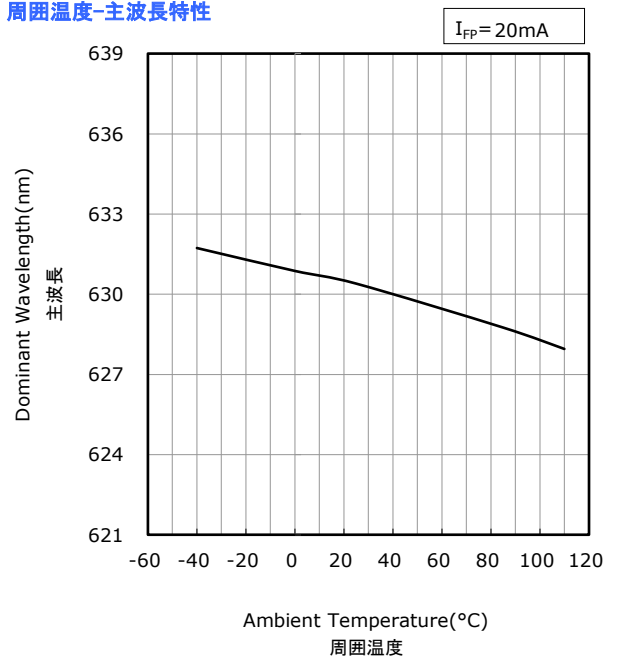
Ambient Temperature vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 周囲温度-色度 特性



Forward Current vs Dominant Wavelength
 順電流-主波長特性



Ambient Temperature vs Dominant Wavelength
 周囲温度-主波長特性



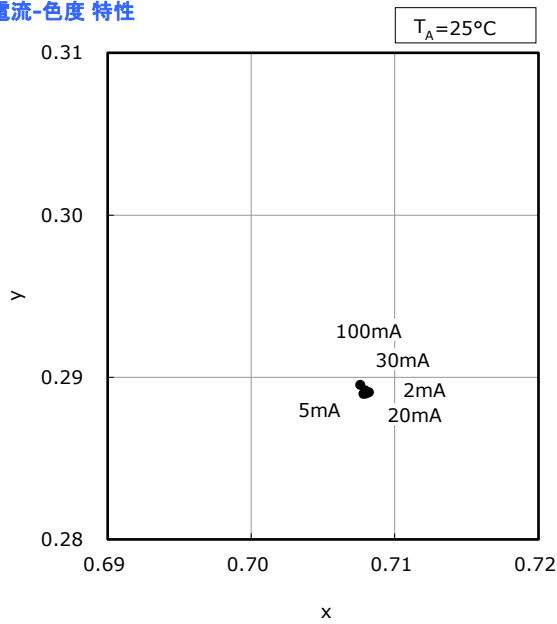
* The graphs above show the characteristics for R15z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR15z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

FORWARD CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS / TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS

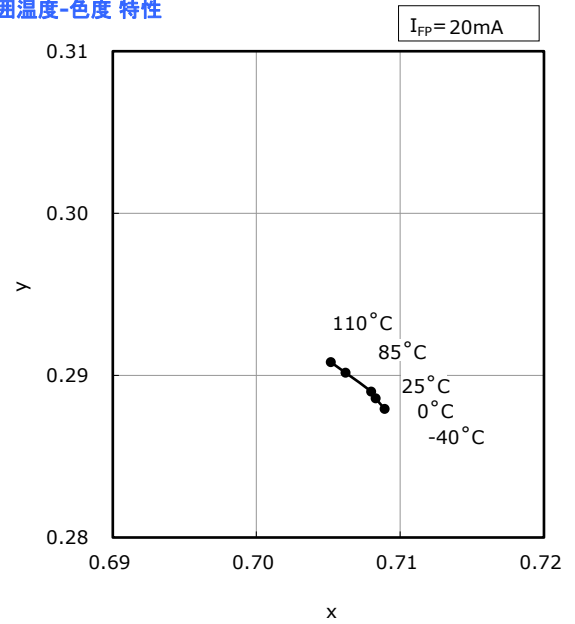
* All characteristics shown are for reference only and are not guaranteed.
 本特性は参考です。

Part No. NESR146A
 No. STS-DA7-17189

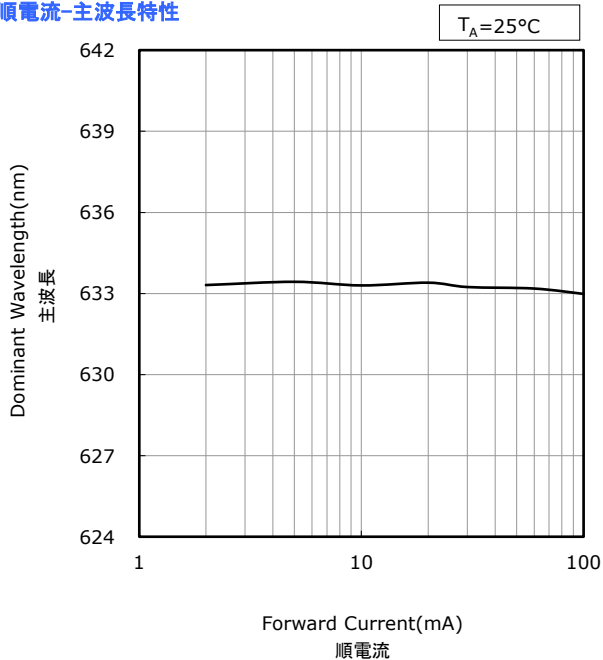
Forward Current vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 順電流-色度 特性



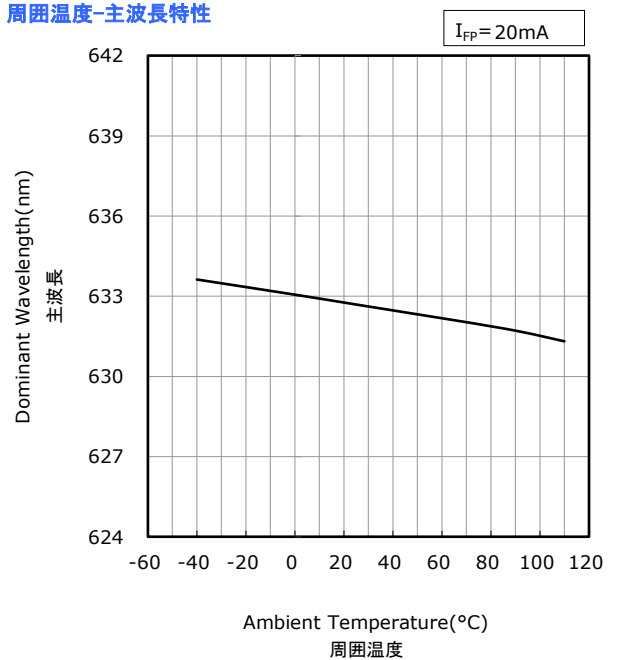
Ambient Temperature vs Chromaticity Coordinate
 周囲温度-色度 特性



Forward Current vs Dominant Wavelength
 順電流-主波長特性



Ambient Temperature vs Dominant Wavelength
 周囲温度-主波長特性



* The graphs above show the characteristics for R16z LEDs, including sub-bins, of this product.
 本特性は色度ランクR16z(ランク座標範囲内の特別ランクを含む)に対応しています。

RELIABILITY

(1) Tests and Results

Test	Reference Standard	Test Conditions	Test Duration	Failure Criteria #	Units Failed/Tested
Resistance to Soldering Heat (Reflow Soldering)	JEITA ED-4701 300 301	$T_{\text{slid}}=260^{\circ}\text{C}$, 10sec, 2reflows		#1	0/22
Solderability	JEITA ED-4701 303 303A	$T_{\text{slid}}=245\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$, 5sec, Lead-free Solder(Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu)		#3	0/22
Thermal Shock(Air to Air)		-40°C to 110°C , 15min dwell	100cycles	#1	0/22
Moisture Resistance (Cyclic)	JEITA ED-4701 200 203	$25^{\circ}\text{C}\sim 65^{\circ}\text{C}\sim -10^{\circ}\text{C}$, 90%RH, 24hr per cycle	10cycles	#1	0/22
High Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 201	$T_{\text{A}}=110^{\circ}\text{C}$	1000hours	#1	0/22
Temperature Humidity Storage	JEITA ED-4701 100 103	$T_{\text{A}}=60^{\circ}\text{C}$, RH=90%	1000hours	#1	0/22
Low Temperature Storage	JEITA ED-4701 200 202	$T_{\text{A}}=-40^{\circ}\text{C}$	1000hours	#1	0/22
Room Temperature Operating Life		$T_{\text{A}}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_{\text{F}}=30\text{mA}$ Test board: See NOTES below	1000hours	#2	0/22
High Temperature Operating Life		$T_{\text{A}}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_{\text{F}}=25\text{mA}$ Test board: See NOTES below	1000hours	#2	0/22
Temperature Humidity Operating Life		60°C , RH=90%, $I_{\text{F}}=20\text{mA}$ Test board: See NOTES below	1000hours	#2	0/22
Low Temperature Operating Life		$T_{\text{A}}=-40^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_{\text{F}}=20\text{mA}$ Test board: See NOTES below	1000hours	#2	0/22
Electrostatic Discharges	JEITA ED-4701 300 304	HBM, 2kV, 1.5k Ω , 100pF, 3pulses, alternately positive or negative		#1	0/22

NOTES:

- 1) Test board: FR4 board thickness=1.6mm, copper layer thickness=35 μm , $R_{\theta\text{JA}}\approx 320^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
- 2) Measurements are performed after allowing the LEDs to return to room temperature.

(2) Failure Criteria

Criteria #	Items	Conditions	Failure Criteria
#1	Forward Voltage(V_{F})	$I_{\text{F}}=20\text{mA}$	>U.S.L. $\times 1.1$
	Luminous Intensity(I_{V})	$I_{\text{F}}=20\text{mA}$	<L.S.L. $\times 0.7$
#2	Forward Voltage(V_{F})	$I_{\text{F}}=20\text{mA}$	>U.S.L. $\times 1.1$
	Luminous Intensity(I_{V})	$I_{\text{F}}=20\text{mA}$	<L.S.L. $\times 0.5$
#3	Solderability	-	Less than 95% solder coverage

U.S.L. : Upper Specification Limit L.S.L. : Lower Specification Limit

CAUTIONS

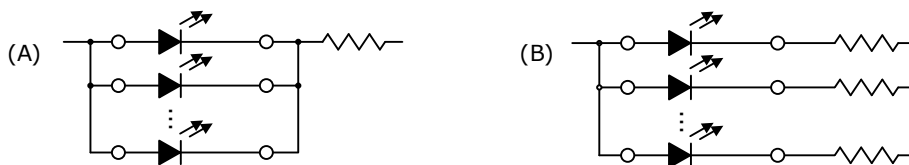
(1) Storage

Conditions		Temperature	Humidity	Time
Storage	Before Opening Aluminum Bag	$\leq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\leq 90\% \text{RH}$	Within 1 Year from Delivery Date
	After Opening Aluminum Bag	$\leq 30^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\leq 70\% \text{RH}$	≤ 4 weeks
Baking		$65 \pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$	-	≥ 24 hours

- The storage/packaging requirements for this LED are comparable to JEDEC Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) 2a or equivalent. Nichia used IPC/JEDEC STD-020 as a reference to rate the MSL of this LED.
- This LED uses a package that could absorb moisture; if the package absorbs moisture and is exposed to heat during soldering, it may cause the moisture to vaporize and the package to expand and the resulting pressure may cause internal delamination. This may cause the optical characteristics to degrade. To minimize moisture absorption in storage/transit, moisture-proof aluminum bags are used for the LEDs with a silica gel packet to absorb any air moisture in the bag. The silica gel beads turn blue to red as they absorb moisture.
- Once the moisture-proof aluminum bag is open, ensure that the LED is soldered to a PCB within the range of the conditions above. To store any remaining unused LEDs, use a hermetically sealed container with silica gel desiccants. Nichia recommends placing them back to the original moisture-proof bag and reseal it.
- If the "After Opening" storage time has been exceeded or any pink silica gel beads are found, ensure that the LED are baked before use. Baking should only be done once.
- This LED has gold-plated electrodes. If the LEDs are exposed to a corrosive environment, it may cause the plated surface to tarnish causing issues (i.e. solderability). Ensure that when storing LEDs, a hermetically sealed container is used. Nichia recommends placing them back to the original moisture-proof bag and reseal it.
- To prevent substances/gases from affecting the plated surface, ensure that the parts/materials used with the LEDs in the same assembly/system do not contain sulfur (e.g. gasket/seal, adhesive, etc.). If the plating is contaminated, it may cause issues (e.g. electric connection failures). If a gasket/seal is used, silicone rubber gaskets/seals are recommended; ensure that this use of silicone does not result in issues (e.g. electrical connection failures) caused by low molecular weight volatile siloxane.
- To avoid condensation, the LEDs must not be stored in areas where temperature and humidity fluctuate greatly.
- Do not store the LEDs in a dusty environment.
- Do not expose the LEDs to direct sunlight and/or an environment over a long period of time where the temperature is higher than normal room temperature.

(2) Directions for Use

- The circuit must be designed to ensure that the Absolute Maximum Ratings are not exceeded for each LED. The LEDs should be operated at a constant current per LED. In the case of operating at a constant voltage, Circuit B is recommended. If Circuit A is used, it may cause the currents flowing through the LEDs to vary due to the variation in the forward voltage characteristics of the LEDs on the circuit.



- This LED is designed to be operated at a forward current. Ensure that no voltage is applied to the LED in the forward/reverse direction while the LED is off. If the LEDs are used in an environment where reverse voltages are applied to the LED continuously, it may cause electrochemical migration to occur causing the LED to be damaged. When not in use for a long period of time, the system's power should be turned off to ensure that there are no issues/damage.
- To stabilize the LED characteristics while in use, Nichia recommends that the LEDs are operated at currents $\geq 10\%$ of the sorting current.
- Ensure that transient excessive voltages (e.g. lightning surge) are not applied to the LEDs.
- If the LEDs are used for outdoor applications, ensure that necessary measures are taken (e.g. protecting the LEDs from water/salt damage and high humidity).

(3) Handling Precautions

- Do not handle the LEDs with bare hands as it will contaminate the LED surface and may affect the optical characteristics: it might cause the LED to be deformed and/or the wire to break, which will cause the LED not to illuminate. The lead could also cause an injury.
- Ensure that when handling the LEDs with tweezers, excessive force is not applied to the LED. Otherwise, it may cause damage to the resin (e.g. cut, scratch, chip, crack, delamination and deformation) and the wire to break causing a catastrophic failure (i.e. the LED not to illuminate).
- Dropping may cause damage to the LED (e.g. deformation).
- Do not stack assembled PCBs together. Otherwise, it may cause damage to the resin (e.g. cut, scratch, chip, crack, delamination and deformation) and the wire to break causing a catastrophic failure (i.e. the LED not to illuminate).

(4) Design Consideration

- If the LEDs are soldered to a PCB and the PCB assembly is bent (e.g. PCB depaneling process), it may cause the LED package to break. The PCB layout should be designed to minimize the mechanical stress on the LEDs when the PCB assembly is bent/warped.
- The amount of mechanical stress exerted on the LED from depaneling may vary depending on the LED position/orientation on the PCB assembly (e.g. especially in areas near V-groove scores). The PCB layout should be designed to minimize the mechanical stress on the LEDs when the PCB is separated into individual PCB assemblies.
- To separate a PCB populated with the LEDs, use a specially designed tool. Do not break the PCB by hand.
- Volatile organic compounds that have been released from materials present around the LEDs (e.g. housing, gasket/seal, adhesive, secondary lens, lens cover, grease, etc.) may penetrate the LED emitting surface. If the LEDs are being used in a hermetically/near-hermetically sealed environment, these volatile compounds can discolor after being exposed to heat and/or photon energy and it may greatly reduce the LED light output and/or color shift. In this case, ventilating the environment may improve the reduction in light output and/or color shift. Perform a light-up test of the chosen application for optical evaluation prior to use to ensure that there are no issues, this test should be performed taking into consideration the conditions/environments in which the end-product containing these LEDs will actually be used.

(5) Electrostatic Discharge (ESD)

- This LED is sensitive to transient excessive voltages (e.g. ESD, lightning surge). If this excessive voltage occurs in the circuit, it may cause the LED to be damaged causing issues (e.g. the LED to become dimmer or not to illuminate [i.e. catastrophic failure]). Ensure that when handling the LEDs, necessary measures are taken to protect them from an ESD discharge. The following examples are recommended measures to eliminate the charge:
 - Grounded wrist strap, ESD footwear, clothes, and floors
 - Grounded workstation equipment and tools
 - ESD table/shelf mat made of conductive materials
- Ensure that all necessary measures are taken to prevent the LEDs from being exposed to transient excessive voltages (e.g. ESD, lightning surge):
 - tools (e.g. soldering irons), jigs, and machines that are used are properly grounded
 - appropriate ESD materials/equipment are used in the work area
 - the system/assembly is designed to provide ESD protection for the LEDs.
- If the tool/equipment used is an insulator (e.g. glass cover, plastic, etc.), ensure that necessary measures have been taken to protect the LED from transient excessive voltages (e.g. ESD). The following examples are recommended measures to eliminate the charge:
 - Dissipating static charge with conductive materials
 - Preventing charge generation with moisture
 - Neutralizing the charge with ionizers
- To detect if an LED was damaged by transient excess voltages (i.e. an ESD event during the system's assembly process), perform a characteristics inspection (e.g. forward voltage measurement, light-up test) at low current ($\leq 1\text{mA}$).
- Failure Criteria: $V_F < 2.0\text{V}$ at $I_F = 0.5\text{mA}$
 If the LED is damaged by transient excess voltages (e.g. ESD), it will cause:
 - the Forward Voltage (V_F) to decrease
 - the LED not to illuminate at a low current

(6) Thermal Management

- The Absolute Maximum Junction Temperature (T_J) must not be exceeded under any circumstances. The increase in the temperature of an LED while in operation may vary depending on the PCB thermal resistance and the density of LEDs on the PCB assembly. Ensure that when using the LEDs for the chosen application, heat is not concentrated in an area and properly managed in the system/assembly.
- The operating current should be determined by considering the temperature conditions surrounding the LED (i.e. T_A). Ensure that when operating the LED, proper measures are taken to dissipate the heat.

(7) Cleaning

- Do not clean the LEDs with water, benzine and/or thinner.
- To clean the LEDs, use isopropyl alcohol (IPA). If another solvent is used, it may cause the LED package/resin to be damaged causing issues; ensure that sufficient verification is performed prior to use. Additionally, ensure that the solvent being used does not cause any other issues (e.g. CFC-based solvents are heavily regulated).
- If an LED is contaminated (e.g. dust/dirt), use a cloth soaked with isopropyl alcohol (IPA). Ensure that the cloth is firmly squeezed before wiping the LED.
- Do not clean the LEDs with an ultrasonic cleaner. If cleaning must be done, ensure that sufficient verification is performed by using a finished assembly with LEDs to determine cleaning conditions (e.g. ultrasonic power, LED position on the PCB assembly) that do not cause an issue.

(8) Eye Safety

- There may be two important international specifications that should be noted for safe use of the LEDs: IEC 62471:2006 Photobiological safety of lamps and lamp systems and IEC 60825-1:2001 (i.e. Edition 1.2) Safety of Laser Products - Part 1: Equipment Classification and Requirements. Ensure that when using the LEDs, there are no issues with the following points:
 - LEDs have been removed from the scope of IEC 60825-1 since IEC 60825-1:2007 (i.e. Edition 2.0) was published. However, depending on the country/region, there are cases where the requirements of the IEC 60825-1:2001 specifications or equivalent must be adhered to.
 - LEDs have been included in the scope of IEC 62471:2006 since the release of the specification in 2006.
 - Most Nichia LEDs will be classified as the Exempt Group or Risk Group 1 according to IEC 62471:2006. However, in the case of high-power LEDs containing blue wavelengths in the emission spectrum, there are LEDs that will be classified as Risk Group 2 depending on the characteristics (e.g. radiation flux, emission spectrum, directivity, etc.)
 - If the LED is used in a manner that produces an increased output or with an optic to collimate the light from the LED, it may cause damage to the human eye.
- If an LED is operated in a manner that emits a flashing light, it may cause health issues (e.g. visual stimuli causing eye discomfort). The system should be designed to ensure that there are no harmful effects on the human body.

(9) Miscellaneous

- Nichia warrants that the discrete LEDs will meet the requirements/criteria as detailed in the Reliability section within this specification. If the LEDs are used under conditions/environments deviating from or inconsistent with those described in this specification, the resulting damage and/or injuries will not be covered by this warranty.
- Nichia warrants that the discrete LEDs manufactured and/or supplied by Nichia will meet the requirements/criteria as detailed in the Reliability section within this specification; it is the customer's responsibility to perform sufficient verification prior to use to ensure that the lifetime and other quality characteristics required for the intended use are met.
- The applicable warranty period is one year from the date that the LED is delivered. In the case of any incident that appears to be in breach of this warranty, the local Nichia sales representative should be notified to discuss instructions on how to proceed while ensuring that the LED in question is not disassembled or removed from the PCB if it has been attached to the PCB. If a breach of this warranty is proved, Nichia will provide the replacement for the non-conforming LED or an equivalent item at Nichia's discretion. FOREGOING ARE THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES AVAILABLE TO THE CUSTOMER IN RESPECT OF THE BREACH OF THE WARRANTY CONTAINED HEREIN, AND IN NO EVENT SHALL NICHIA BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL LOSSES AND/OR EXPENSES (INCLUDING LOSS OF PROFIT) THAT MAY BE SUFFERED BY THE CUSTOMER ARISING OUT OF A BREACH OF THE WARRANTY.
- NICHIA DISCLAIMS ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
- This LED is intended to be used for general lighting, household appliances, electronic devices (e.g. mobile communication devices) and automobiles; it is not designed or manufactured for use in applications that require safety critical functions (e.g. aircraft, combustion equipment, life support systems, nuclear reactor control system, safety devices, spacecraft, submarine repeaters, traffic control equipment, trains, vessels, etc.). If the LEDs are planned to be used for these applications, unless otherwise detailed in the specification, Nichia will neither guarantee that the LED is fit for that purpose nor be responsible for any resulting property damage, injuries and/or loss of life/health.
- The customer will not reverse engineer, disassemble or otherwise attempt to extract knowledge/design information from the LED.
- All copyrights and other intellectual property rights in this specification in any form are reserved by Nichia or the right holders who have granted Nichia permission to use the content. Without prior written permission from Nichia, no part of this specification may be reproduced in any form or by any means.
- Both the customer and Nichia will agree on the official specifications for the supplied LEDs before any programs are officially launched. Without this agreement in writing (i.e. Customer Specific Specification), changes to the content of this specification may occur without notice (e.g. changes to the foregoing specifications and appearance, discontinuation of the LEDs, etc.).